SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND COURSE OF STUDY CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

Pre-Ph.D. Course work syllabus

(W.e.f. 2022-23)



DEPARTMENT OF ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY, CULTURE AND ARCHAEOLOGY

GURUKULA KANGRI (Deemed to be University), HARIDWAR – 249404

Revised syllabus w.e.f. 2022-23

Department of Ancient Indian History, Culture and Archaeology Gurukul Kangari (Deemed to be University), Haridwar

Pre Ph.D. Course work

There are three papers:

Paper-I: PHS-101 Research Methodology

Paper-II: PHS-102 Research and Publication Ethics

Paper-II: PHS-103 Research Methodology and Computer Application

S.No.	Paper Code	Paper Name	Credit	Periods per week		Evaluation Scheme				Subject Total	
						Sessional			ESE		
				L	T	P	CT	TA	Total		
1	PHS-101	Research Methodology	6	4	0	4	20	10	30	70	100
2	PHS-102	Research and Publication Ethics	2	1	2	0	20	10	30	70	100
3	PHS-103	Research Methodology and Computer Application	6	5	2	0	20	10	30	70	100

L= Lecture T=Tutorial P=Practical

CT=Cumulative Test TA=Teaching Assessment ESE=End Semester Examination

Note 1: The marks of internal assessment of each paper will be split-up as under:

- (A) Class test 20 Marks
- (B) Assignments / Tutorials 05 Marks
- (C) Attendance 05 Marks

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PHS-101

Research Methodology

MM: 100
Time: 3 hrs

Sessional: 30
ESE: 70

NOTE: The question paper shall consist of two sections (Sec.-A and Sec.-B). Sec.-A shall contain 10 short answer type questions of six marks each and student shall be required to attempt any five questions. Sec.-B shall contain 8 descriptive type questions of ten marks each and student shall be required to attempt any four questions. Questions shall be uniformly distributed from the entire syllabus.

Marks: 70 Time: 03 Hrs

Unit-I	Introduction of History			
	i. Origin and development of Historical Tradition in Ancient India:			
	ii. Definition of History			
	iii. Aims of History			
	iv. Scope of History			
Unit-II	Research Methods			
	i. Definition and scope of Research			
	ii. Data Collection			
	iii. Synthesis of data at diverse sources.			
	iv. Objectivity and critical acumen in the interpretation of evidence.			
Unit-III	Historians of Ancient India:			
	i. Banabhatt			
	ii. Kalhan			
	iii. Bilhan			
	iv. Jayanak			
Unit-IV	Historian of Modern India:			
	i. R.G. Bhandarkar			
	ii. K.P. Jayaswal			
	iii. H.C. Ray Chaudhari			
	iv. D.D. Kosambi			
Unit-V	Historians of Western World:			
	i. Leopold von Ranke			
	ii. Arnold J. Toynbee			
	iii. R. G. Collingwood			
	iv. Vincent Arthur Smith			

References:

- 1. Carr, E.H., What is History (English & Hindi).
- 2. Collingwood, R.G., The Idea of History.
- 3. Shastri, K.A.N., Historical Methods in Relation to Indian History.
- 4. Sheikh, Ali. B., History, its Theory & Method.
- 5. Renier, G.J., History, its Purpose & Method.
- 6. Goel, Shankar, Prachin Bharat ka Adhunik Itihas Lekhan (Hindi).
- 7. Kaushik, Kunwar Bahadur, Itihas Darshan evam Prachin Bhartiya Itihas Lekhan (Hindi).
- 8. Pande, G.C.(ed.), Itihas: Swarup evam Siddhant (Hindi).
- 9. Majumdar, R.C., Historiography in Modern India.
- 10. Mukhopadhyay, S.K., Evolution of Historiography in Modern India.
- 11. Mathur, L.P., Historiography & Historians of Modern India.
- 12. Ganguly, D.K., History & Historiography in Ancient India.
- 13. Pathak, V.S., Historians of Ancient India.
- 14. Warder, A.K., An Introduction to Indian Historiography.
- 15. Agarwal, V.S., Itihas Darshan (Hindi).
- 16. Pande, G.C. (ed.), Itihas Darshan (Hindi).
- 17. Phillips, C.H. (ed), Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon,

PHS-102

Research and Publication Ethics

Maximum Marks: 70 Sessional: 30 marks

Time: 3 Hours ESE: 70 marks

NOTE: The question paper shall consist of two sections (Sec.-A and Sec.-B). Sec.-A shall contain 10 short answer type questions of six marks each and student shall be required to attempt any five questions. Sec.-B shall contain 8 descriptive type questions of ten marks each and student shall be required to attempt any four questions. Questions shall be uniformly distributed from the entire syllabus.

PHILOSOPHY AND ETHICS: Introduction to philosophy, definition, nature and scope, concept, branches; ethics, definition, moral philosophy, nature of moral judgements, and reactions.

SCIENTIFIC CONDUCT: Ethics with respect to science and research. Intellectual honesty and research integrity, scientific misconduct: falsification, fabrication and plagiarism (FFP); redundant publications, duplicate and overlapping publications, salami slicing; selective reporting and misrepresentation of data.

PUBLICATION ETHICS: Definition, introduction and importance. Best practices/ standards, setting initiatives and guidelines, COPE, WAME, etc.; Conflicts of interest, publication misconduct: Definition, concept, problems that lead to unethical behaviour and vice-versa, types; violation of publication ethics, authorship and contributorship; identification of publication misconduct, complaints and appeals, pediatric publishers and journals; use of plagiarism software like Turnitin, Urkund and other open source software tools.

OPEN ACCESS PUBLISHING: Open access publications and initiatives; SHEPRA/RoMEO online resource to check publisher copyright and self-archiving policies, software tool to identify pediatrie publications developed by SPPU; Journal finder/journal suggestion tools viz., JANE, Elsevier journal finder, Springer journal suggester, etc.

DATABASES AND RESEARCH METRICS: Indexing databases, citation databases, Web of science, SCOPUS etc.;metrics- Impact factor of journal as per Journal Citation Report, SNIP,

SJR, IPP, Cite Score; h-Index, g-index, i10 index, altmetrics.

References

Bird, A. (2006). Philosophy of Science. Routledge.

MacIntyre, Alasdair (1967) A Short History of Ethics. London.

P. Chaddah, (2018) Ethics in Competitive Research: Do not get scooped; do not get plagiarized, ISBN:978-9387480865

National Academy of Sciences, National Academy of Engineering and Institute of Medicine. (2009). On Being a Scientist: A Guide to Responsible Conduct in Research: Third Edition. National Academies Press.

Resnik, D. B. (2011). What is ethics in research & why is it important. National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, 1–10. Retrieved from https://www.niehs.nih.gov/research/resources/bioethics/whatis/index.cfm
Beall, J. (2012). Predatory publishers are corrupting open access. Nature, 489(7415), 179–179. https://doi.org/10.1038/489179a

Indian National Science Academy (INSA), Ethics in Science Education, Research and Governance(2019), ISBN:978-81-939482-1-7. http://www.insaindia.res.in/pdf/Ethics Book.pdf

PHS-103

Research Methodology and Computer Application

MM: 100
Time: 3 hrs

Sessional: 30
ESE: 70

NOTE: The question paper shall consist of two sections (Sec.-A and Sec.-B). Sec.-A shall contain 10 short answer type questions of six marks each and student shall be required to attempt any five questions. Sec.-B shall contain 8 descriptive type questions of ten marks each and student shall be required to attempt any four questions. Questions shall be uniformly distributed from the entire syllabus.

Time: 03 Hrs

Unit-I	Basic Research Methodology:					
	i. Sources of Ancient Indian History: Primery & Secondary Sources.					
	ii. Selection of subject, collection of Research Material and data, Preface,					
	Acknowledgment, Abbreviations, Roman Equivalents of Nagari letters,					
	Contents, Appendix/Appendices, Bibliography, Index.					
Unit-II	History and its allied Branches:					
	i. Periodisation in History.					
	ii. Main fields of study: Political History, Epigraphy, Numismatics, Art &					
	Architecture, Social History, Economic History, Religious History,					
	Cultural History.					
Unit-III	Indian Traditions of Historical writing:					
	i. Vedic Tradition					
	ii. Puranic Tradition					
	iii. Buddhist Tradition					
	iv. Jain Tradition					
Unit-IV	Western Tradition of Historical Writing:					
	i. Greek Traditon					
	ii. Roman Tradition					
	iii. Chinese Tradition					
Unit-V	Computer Application:					
	i. Application of Computer in History, In particular, the course will					
	focus on using a word processor (MS-Word), An e-mail program and a					
	presentation program (MS-Power Point). Use of Internet.					
	ii. Application of Computer in Archaeology					

References:

- 1. Carr, E.H., What is History (English & Hindi).
- 2. Collingwood, R.G., The Idea of History.
- 3. Shastri, K.A.N., Historical Methods in Relation to Indian History.
- 4. Sheikh, Ali. B., History, its Theory & Method.
- 5. Renier, G.J., History, its Purpose & Method.
- 6. Goel, Shankar, Prachin Bharat ka Adhunik Itihas Lekhan (Hindi).
- 7. Kaushik, Kunwar Bahadur, Itihas Darshan evam Prachin Bhartiya Itihas Lekhan (Hindi).
- 8. Pande, G.C.(ed.), Itihas: Swarup evam Siddhant (Hindi).
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- 11. Mathur, L.P., Historiography & Historians of Modern India.
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- 16. Pande, G.C. (ed.), Itihas Darshan (Hindi).
- 17. Phillips, C.H. (ed), Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon.
- 18. Lock Gary, Using Computer in Archaeology.
- 19. Politis Dionysion, E-learning methodologies and computer application in Archaeology.