Diploma in Pharmacy **Course Curriculum and Syllabus**



2021-22

DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES

Gurukula Kangri (Deemed to be) University, Haridwar

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PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA

(Constituted under the Pharmacy Act, 1948)

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2 3 JUN 2021

To

All concerned

Sub: Comments on Draft syllabus under Regulation-7 of the "The Education Regulations, 2020 for Diploma Course in Pharmacy".

Sir/Madam

This has a reference to the subject cited above. In this connection, it is intimated that -

- a) The Education Regulations, 2020 for Diploma Course in Pharmacy (ER-2020) have been notified in the Gazeae of India, Extraordinary Part III Section 4 dated 16 October, 2020. The said Regulations are available on Concil's website.
- b) As per regulation 7 of the said Regulations, the syllabus for each subject of study shall be as prescribed by the Pharmacy Council of India from time to time.
- c) Accordingly, the Council has drafted the syllabus of Diploma course in Pharmacy, a copy of which is enclosed as **Annexure-I** for readyreference.

It is requested to forward your comments on the draft syllabus, if any, on the following e.mail ID on or before 10.7.2021~(6.00~pm) -

- gopalveni@yahoo.com

Your kind support is solicited in the matter.

Yours faithfully

(ARCHNAMUDGAL)

Registrar-cum-Secretary

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Annexure-I

Diploma in Pharmacy Curriculum & Syllabus based on **Education Regulations 2020**



Pharmacy Council of India New Delhi

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Foreword

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1. Preamble

"Revamping the curriculum, pedagogy, assessment, and student support" is one of the vision statements and recommendations of the National Education Policy (NEP) of Govt. of India for attaining enhanced learning experiences by the students. In light of this, Pharmacy Council of India, the apex body regulating the pharmacy education in the country, committed to revise the education regulations of Diploma in Pharmacy (DPharm) program and thus, the 'Education Regulations 2020' (ER-2020) has been notified in the gazette of India in October, 2020. This new regulation has given due consideration for the fact that, universally the roles of pharmacists undergo continuous evolution from that of 'dispenser of medicines' to that of 'medicine expert' in the multidisciplinary health care team.

Accordingly, the courses of the existing education regulations (ER-91) have been revisited, compared with the present and future needs of the society, expectations of the healthcare team and other stakeholders from the pharmacists were assessed, feedback from the experts in the pharmacy and other healthcare professions were sought. Thus, the course of study prescribed in ER-2020 is an amalgamation of all such exercises to arrive at a curriculum structure for DPharm that is more relevant to the current practice standards, dynamic to accommodate and address the upcoming changes.

Though the total number of courses across the program remain 21 as that of ER-91, the number of theory courses is reduced from 12 to 11 in the new regulation, while the number of practical courses is increased from 9 to 10. Further, the theory teaching hours across the program have been reduced from 850 to 825, while the practical hours have been increased from 750 to 800 in the new regulation. Three practical courses have been introduced for the first time in ER-2020. Further, about 275 hours have been assigned for the first time in DPharm curriculum for 'Tutorial' activities. All such changes explicitly reveal that the ER-2020 is intended to provide a little edge to the experiential learning through the practical courses and encourages the small group teaching-learning, self-directed learning, etc. in the tutorial hours.

Introduction of 'Pharmacotherapeutics' courses (theory and practical) is one of the revolutionary changes in the new curriculum, that will help the students to hone their knowledge and skills in the area of pharmaceutical care services which will certainly redefine the roles of the DPharm qualified pharmacists in both community and hospital settings. Also, the introduction of 'Social Pharmacy' courses (theory and practical) will provide insights about the primary and preventive healthcare concepts in the country and the potential roles of pharmacists in such healthcare segments.

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In this backdrop, the Council has formulated a Committee which comprised of 16 Members who have rich experiences in various domains such as education, hospital

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pharmacy practice, community pharmacy practice, clinical pharmacy practice, administrative and regulatory affairs to design the syllabus for the individual theory and practical courses as per the curriculum framework defined in ER-2020. The Committee with its clear understanding about the philosophy and objectives of the ER-2020, drafted the syllabus for individual theory and practical courses with utmost care to avoid repetitions, redundancy, over/under utilization of hours, etc. Every course is defined with scope, set of course objectives and course outcomes which will help to understand the significance and the expectations of the course from both teachers and students. Lots of scope has been given in the syllabus for the active learning by the students through the assignment topics and field visit activities which will enhance their critical thinking, searching scientific literatures, interpretational skills and communication skills.

According to the ER-2020 curriculum framework, the students do not earn any credits based on the academic hours they spend. However, as per the conventional methodology of credit calculations, the curriculum of ER-2020 shall be deemed equivalent to 80 credits, that shall be used for the administrative purposes, wherever necessary.

Further, the 'Competencies for the Indian DPharm Holders' based on the knowledge, skill, attitude and value that are essential for the successful practice of the profession have been derived. These competencies have also been mapped with the individual courses of the curriculum based on the expected outcomes of the individual course. Thus, the courses and the competencies are interlaced in such a way that multiple courses contribute to build one competency and one course contributes to build more than one competency, which reveal the strength of the competency mapping.

The Council strongly believes that the ER-2020 regulations, curriculum and syllabus will uplift the knowledge and skills of the students on par with the contemporary and future professional demands and enable them to be a successful practitioner in the chosen field of pharmacy.

By considering the substantial changes and inclusion of advanced and current subject matters in the new syllabus, the Council shall conduct series of meetings, seminars, conferences, workshops, and webinars for the faculty members handling DPharm courses and equip them to deliver such new courses / topics more effectively and efficiently.

The Council appreciate all the efforts of the Members for successfully bringing out

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the ER-2020 regulations, curriculum and syllabus. Also, profound gratitude to all the stakeholders who contributed directly or indirectly in completing this task.

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2. Competencies for the Indian DPharm Holders

Competency is defined as "A distinct composite of knowledge, skill, attitude and value that is essential to the practice of the profession in real life contexts".

The candidates who successfully complete the Diploma in Pharmacy (DPharm) program of Education Regulations 2020 (ER-2020), from the institutions approved by the Pharmacy Council of India are expected to attain the following professional competencies.

- 1. Review the Prescriptions
- 2. Dispense Prescription / Non-Prescription Medicines
- 3. Provide Patient Counselling / Education
- 4. Hospital and Community Pharmacy Management
- 5. Expertise on Medications
- 6. Proficiency on drugs / pharmaceuticals
- 7. Entrepreneurship and Leadership
- 8. Deliver Primary and Preventive Healthcare
- 9. Professional, Ethical and Legal Practice
- 10. Continuing Professional Development
- 1. Review the Prescriptions: The student should receive and handle the prescriptions in a professional manner and be able to check for its completeness and correctness. Also, the prescribers should be contacted for any clarifications and corrections in the prescriptions with suggestions if any.
- 2. Dispense Prescription / Non-Prescription Medicines: The student should be able to dispense the various scheduled drugs / medicines as per the implications of the Drug & Cosmetics Act and Rules thereunder. Also, the non-prescription medicines (over-the-counter drugs) should be dispensed judicially to the patients as required.
- 3. Provide Patient Counselling / Education: The student should able to effectively counsel / educate the patients / caretakers about the prescription / non-prescription medicines and other health related issues. Effective communication includes using both oral and written communication skills and various communication techniques.

4. Hospital and Community Pharmacy Management: The student should be able

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to manage the drug distribution system as per the policies and guidelines of the hospital pharmacy, good community pharmacy practice and the recommendations of regulatory agencies. Also, be able to manage the procurement, inventory and distribution of medicines in hospital / community pharmacy settings.

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- **5. Expertise on Medications:** The student should be able to provide an expert opinion on medications to the health care professionals on safe and effective medication-use, relevant policies and procedures based on available evidences.
- **6. Proficiency on Pharmaceutical Formulations:** The student should be able to describe the chemistry, characteristics, types, merits and demerits of both drugs and excipients used in the pharmaceutical formulations based on her/his knowledge and scientific resources.
- **7. Entrepreneurship and Leadership:** The student should be able to acquire the entrepreneurial skills in the dynamic professional environments. Also, be able to achieve leadership skills through teamwork and sound decision making skills.
- **8. Deliver Primary and Preventive Healthcare:** The student should be able to contribute to various healthcare programs of the nation including disease prevention initiatives to improve public health. Also contribute to the promotion of national health policies.
- **9. Professional, Ethical and Legal Practice:** The student should be able to deliver professional services in accordance with legal, ethical and professional guidelines with integrity.
- **10. Continuing Professional Development:** The student should be able to recognize the gaps in the knowledge and skills in the effective delivery of the professional services from time to time and be self-motivated to bridge such gaps by attending continuing professional development programs.

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3. Competency Mapping with the Courses (Part I, II & III) of Education Regulations 2020

Laucation	9											
Competencies	Pharmaceutics	Pharmaceutical Chemistry	Pharmacognosy	Human Anatomy & Physiology	Social Pharmacy	Pharmacology	Community Pharmacy & Management	Biochemistry & Clinical Pathology	Pharmacotherapeutics	Hospital & Clinical Pharmacy	Pharmacy Law & Ethics	Practical Training
1. Review the Prescriptions	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	V	V		$\sqrt{}$	V	$\sqrt{}$	V	√	V	√
Dispense Prescription / Non-Prescription Medicines	V	1	V		V	V	V	V	V	√	1	1
3. Provide Patient Counselling / Education	√	V	V	V	$\sqrt{}$		V		V	V	$\sqrt{}$	√
Hospital and Community Pharmacy Management					V		√			V	V	√
5. Expertise on Medications	$\sqrt{}$		√	V	$\sqrt{}$		V		V	√	V	√
6. Proficiency on Pharmaceutical Formulations	√	√	√			√			√			√
7. Entrepreneurship and Leadership							√			√		√
8. Deliver Primary and Preventive Healthcare				√	V	√	√	√	√	√	V	√
9. Professional, Ethical and Legal Practice					$\sqrt{}$		V		V	1	V	V
10. Continuing Professional Development	$\sqrt{}$	√	√		$\sqrt{}$	√	√		√	√	V	√

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ER-2020 DPharm Syllabus - An Overview

The ER-2020 DPharm Syllabus has the following structure in every course. Though the theory and practical courses are not mutually exclusive, as per the regulations, the theory and practical are to be considered as individual courses.

Scope: These are broader statements on the purpose of the course in the curriculum, key contents of the course that will contribute to the specific knowledge and or skill developments. The teacher is expected to orient the students about the scope of the particular course at the beginning and intermittently.

Course Objectives: The course objectives describe the key topics that are intended by the teacher to be covered in the course. In general, these are more specific than the scope and broader than the course outcomes. The teacher is expected to discuss the objectives of the course with the students and break-down the course objectives into micro levels as objectives of a specific topic / objectives of a specific lecture, etc. Such an exercise shall make the students to understand the significance of the course / topic / lecture and enhance their attention on the course / topic / lecture.

Course Outcomes: The course outcomes are more specific than the course objectives describe that describe the abilities of the students to perform/act, upon successful completion of the course. Hence, conventionally the course outcomes are described with verbs that are measurable or observable actions. The teacher is expected to describe the desired outcomes of the particular course, so that the students shall understand the various assessment criteria, modalities and parameters. This also serves as a broader guideline for the teachers for preparing the assessment plan. A well-structured assessment plan associated with the course outcomes shall enable to mapping with the professional competencies and their attainment levels that are attributed to the program outcomes.

Theory Courses: The theory courses basically provide concepts and explain the relationships between the concepts. Understanding of the theoretical courses enable the students to identify the problems in real life situation and make a plan for addressing such problems. Also, the theory course helps to understand what is not known and thus is the tool for accumulation of knowledge. The syllabus of the theory

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courses has been systematically and logically described as different chapters and the minimum number of hours to be spent on teaching are mentioned chapter wise and course wise. The teachers shall further distribute the total hours of any given chapter among the sub-topics as required by the subject matter.

Practical Courses: The practical courses are designed for applying the theoretical knowledge in the given experimental / simulated conditions. The practical courses

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deepen the understanding of theories, develop the skills, hone professional competencies, provide opportunities to observe, think and analyse problem solving methods. Further, they help to gain experience with the real things in practice. The teachers shall train the students in actual / simulated practical conditions.

Tutorials: The purpose of the tutorial hour is typically to engage the students in smaller groups in order to pay a closer attention on their learning process. This is an opportunity for the students to complete their assignments, develop specific skills, discuss any problems in the study topics in a less formal way. During the tutorial hour, the students shall exchange their ideas within the small group, and learn to accept constructive criticism and listen to others. Also, the tutorial hour enables the teachers to closely monitor the progress of the individual student and provide additional academic support to individuals, if necessary.

Assignments: The purpose the assignments are to encourage the students for self-directed learning. Further, the assignments will provoke the critical thinking, enhance the skills such as literature search, data mining, data interpretation, report formatting, time-management and written communication. This is also a mode of self-assessment for the student about the level understanding the concepts of a particular course. The teachers shall apply their knowledge and wisdom in choosing the assignment topics at micro level in alignment with the topics given in the syllabus. The assignments shall be evaluated against a set of criteria. A typical format for the assessment of an assignment is given in Appendix -1.

Field Visits: The purpose of field visits is to provide the real-world experience to the students. The field visits will help them to realize that what they learn within the walls of the classroom / laboratory can help them solve the problems they see in the world around them. Also, this is helpful to the teachers to widen their horizons of knowledge and broadening the scope of the syllabus. Every student shall submit a report describing their objectives, experience, learning points, etc. pertaining to the field trip in the typical format given in Appendix-2.

Practical Training: The goal of the practical training for the students is to provide a real-time, supervised experience on the professional tasks emphasized in their course of study. Further, it helps them to apply their acquired knowledge and skills in the professional working environment. The practical training intensively prepares the students with adequate competencies and qualifications required for the career opportunity in the future.

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Thus, the ER 2020 DPharm syllabus is designed to nurture the students in all the three domains of Bloom's Taxonomy viz. cognitive (knowledge), affective (attitude) and psychomotor (skills). Further, it also provides ample of scope to the students for different learning styles viz. visual, auditory and kinesthetics, i.e., 'see, hear and do'.

The summary of the curriculum, courses and other activities and their metrics across the ER-2020 DPharm program (Part I, II & III) are given here.

Criteria	Metrics
Number of subject areas (considering both theory & practical together)	11
Number of theory courses	11
Number of practical courses	10
Number of theory hours	825
Number of practical hours	600
Number of practical training hours	500
Number of tutorial hours	275
Number of course outcomes for theory courses	45
Number of course outcomes for practical courses	40
Number of courses which have given assignments	9
Number of assignment topics given	75
Number of assignments reports each student shall submit	27
Number of courses which have given field visit	5
Number of field visit reports each student shall submit	9
Number of professional competencies	10

4. Guidelines for the conduct of theory examinations

Sessional Exams

There shall be two or more periodic sessional (internal assessment) examinations during each academic year. The duration of the sessional exam shall be 90 minutes. The highest aggregate of any two performances shall form the basis of calculating the sessional marks. The scheme of the question paper for theory sessional examinations shall be as given below.

I. Long Answers (Answer 3 out of 4) = $3 \times 5 = 15$ II. Short Answers (Answer 5 out of 6) = $5 \times 3 = 15$ III. Very Short Answers (Answer any 5 out of 6) = $5 \times 2 = 10$

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Total	=	40 marks

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Internal assessment: The marks secured by the students out of the total 40 shall be reduced to 20 in each sessional, and then the internal assessment shall be calculated based on the best two averages for 20 marks.

Final Board / University Exams

The scheme of the question paper for the theory examinations conducted by the examining authority (Board / University) shall be as given below. The duration of the final examination shall be 3 hours.

I. Long Answers (Answer 6 out of 7) = 6 x 5 = 30 II. Short Answers (Answer 10 out of 11) = 10 x 3 = 30 III. Very Short Answers (Answer any 10 out of 11) = 10 x 2 = 10 - Total = 80 marks

5. Guidelines for the conduct of practical examinations

There shall be two or more periodic sessional (internal assessment) practical examinations during each academic year. The duration of the sessional exam shall be three hours. The highest aggregate of any two performances shall form the basis of calculating the sessional marks. The scheme of the question paper for practical sessional examinations shall be as given below.

I. Synopsis	=	10
II. Experiments	=	50*
III. Viva voce	=	10
IV. Practical Record Maintenance	=	10
	Total =	80 marks

^{*} The marks for the experiments shall be divided into various categories, viz. major experiment, minor experiment, spotters, etc. as per the requirement of the course.

Internal assessment: The marks secured by the students out of the total of 80 shall be reduced to 10 in each sessional, and then the internal assessment shall be calculated based on the best two averages for 10 marks from the sessional and other 10 marks shall be awarded as per the details given below.

Actual performance in the sessional examination
Assignment marks (Average of three)
Report marks (Average for the reports)

= 10 marks
= 5 marks* Field Visit
= 5 marks\$

-----Total = 20 marks

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*, \$ Only for the courses given with both assignments and field visit/s

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Note:

- 1. For the courses having either assignments or field visit/s, the assessments of assignments or field visit/s shall be done directly for 10 marks and added to the sessional marks.
- 2. For the courses not having both assignment and filed visit, the whole 20 marks shall be calculated from the sessional marks.

Final Board / University Exams

The scheme of question paper for the practical examinations conducted by the examining authority (Board / University) shall be as given below. The duration of the final examination shall be 3 hours.

 I. Synopsis
 =
 10

 II. Experiments
 =
 60*

 III. Viva voce
 =
 10

Total = 80 marks

* The marks for the experiments shall be divided into various categories, viz. major experiment, minor experiment, spotters, etc. as per the requirement of the cou

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7. ER-2020 DPharm Syllabus - Part I

S.	Course	Name of the Course	Total	Hours per
No.	Code		Hours	Week
1.	ER20-11T	Pharmaceutics – Theory	75	3
2.	ER20-11P	Pharmaceutics – Practical	75	3
3.	ER20-12T	Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Theory	75	3
4.	ER20-12P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Practical	75	3
5.	ER20-13T	Pharmacognosy – Theory	75	3
6.	ER20-13P	Pharmacognosy – Practical	75	3
7.	ER20-14T	Human Anatomy & Physiology – Theory	75	3
8.	ER20-14P	Human Anatomy & Physiology – Practical	75	3
9.	ER20-15T	Social Pharmacy – Theory	75	3
10.	ER20-15P	Social Pharmacy – Practical	75	3

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PHARMACEUTICS - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-11T 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills on the art and science of formulating and dispensing different pharmaceutical dosage forms.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following aspects of pharmaceutical dosage forms

- 1. Basic concepts, types and need
- 2. Advantages and disadvantages, methods of preparation / formulation
- 3. Packaging and labelling requirements
- 4. Basic quality control tests, concepts of quality assurance and good manufacturing practices

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe about the different dosage forms and their formulation aspects
- 2. Explain the advantages, disadvantages and quality control tests of different dosage forms
- 3. Discuss the importance quality assurance & good manufacturing practices

Chapter	Topics	Hours
1	 History of the profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to Pharmacy education, industry, pharmacy practice, and various professional associations. Pharmacy as a career Pharmacopoeia: Introduction to IP, BP, USP, NF and Extra Pharmacopoeia. Salient features of Indian Pharmacopoeia 	7
2	Packaging materials : Types, selection criteria, advantages and disadvantages of glass, plastic, metal, rubber as packaging materials	5
3	Pharmaceutical aids: Organoleptic (Colouring, flavouring, and sweetening) agents Preservatives: Definition, types with examples and uses	3
4	Unit operations: Definition, objectives/applications, principles, construction and workings of:	9

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प्रो० मुनीश आह्जा

डॉ0 विपिन कुमार

श्री कपिल कुमार गोयल

प्रो० एस० के० राजपूत

प्रो० आर०सी०द्वे

Size reduction: hammer mill and ball mill

Size separation: Classification powder according to IP, Cyclone separator, Sieves and standards of sieves

Mixing: Double cone blender, Turbine mixer, Triple roller

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श्री कपिल कुमार गोयल

	mill and Silverson mixer homogenizer	
	Filtration: Theory of filtration, membrane filter and sintered	
	glass filter	
	Drying: working of fluidized bed dryer and process of	
	freeze drying	
	Extraction: Definition, Classification, method and	
	applications	
5	Tablets – coated and uncoated, various modified tablets	8
	(sustained release, extended-release, fast dissolving,	
	double layered)	
	Capsules - hard and soft gelatine capsules	4
	Liquid oral preparations - solution, syrup, elixir, emulsion,	6
	suspension, dry powder for reconstitution	
	Topical preparations - ointments, creams, pastes, gels,	8
	liniments and lotions, suppositories and pessaries	
	Nasal preparations, Ear preparations	2
	Powders and granules - Insufflations, dusting powders,	3
	effervescent powders and effervescent granules	
	Sterile formulations – Injectables, eye drops and eye	6
	ointments	
	Immunological products: Sera, vaccines, toxoids and	4
	their manufacturing methods.	
6	Basic structure, layout, sections and activities of	5
	pharmaceutical manufacturing plants	
	Quality control and quality assurance: Definition and	
	concepts of quality control & quality assurance, current	
	good manufacturing practice (cGMP), Introduction to	
	concept of calibration and validation	
7	Novel drug delivery systems: Introduction, Classification	5
	with examples, advantages and challenges	

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प्रो**०** मुनीश आहुजा डॉ० विपिन कुमार

र प्रो० एस० के० राजपूत

श्री कपिल कुमार गोयल

PHARMACEUTICS - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-11P 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students in formulating and dispensing common pharmaceutical dosage forms.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss and train the following aspects of preparing and dispensing various pharmaceutical dosage forms

- 1. Calculation of working formula from the official master formula
- 2. Formulation of dosage forms based on working formula
- 3. Appropriate Packaging and labelling requirements
- 4. Methods of basic quality control tests

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Calculate the working formula from the given master formula
- 2. Formulate the dosage form and dispense in appropriate container
- 3. Design the label with necessary product and patient information
- 4. Perform the basic quality control tests for the common dosage forms

Practicals

- 1. Handling and referring the official references: Pharmacopoeias, Formularies, etc. for retrieving formulas, procedures, etc.
- 2. Formulation of the following dosage forms as per monograph standards and dispensing with appropriate packaging & labelling
 - **Liquid Oral:** Simple syrup, Piperazine citrate elixir, Aqueous Iodine solution, Strong Iodine solution
 - Emulsion: Castor oil emulsion, Cod liver oil emulsion, olive oil emulsion
 - Suspension: Calamine lotion, Magnesium hydroxide mixture
 - Ointment: Simple ointment base, Sulphur ointment
 - Cream: Cetrimide cream
 - Gel: Sodium alginate gel
 - Liniment: Turpentine liniment, White liniment BPC
 - Dry powder: Effervescent powder granule, Dusting powder
 - Sterile Injection: Normal Saline, Calcium gluconate Injection
 - Hard Gelatine Capsule: Indomethacin capsules, Tetracycline capsules

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प्रो० एस० के० राजपूत

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- Tablet: Paracetamol tablet granules ready for compression
- 3. Demonstration on various stages of tablet manufacturing processes (including

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coating tablets, if possible)

- 4. Appropriate methods of usage, and storage of special dosage forms including different types of inhalers, spacers, insulin pens
- 5. Demonstration of quality control tests and evaluation of common dosage forms viz. tablets, capsules, emulsion, sterile injections as per the monographs

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. Various systems of measures commonly used in prescribing, compounding and dispensing practices
- 2. Market preparations (including Fixed Dose Combinations) of each type of dosage forms, generic name, minimum three brand names and label contents of the dosage forms mentioned in theory/practical
- Overview of various machines / equipments / instruments involved in the formulation and quality control of various dosage forms / pharmaceutical formulations.
- 4. Overview of extemporaneous preparations at community / hospital pharmacy vs. manufacturing of dosage forms at industrial level
- 5. Basic pharmaceutical calculations: ratios; conversion to percentage fraction, allegation, proof spirit, isotonicity

Field Visit

The students shall be taken for an industrial visit to pharmaceutical industries to witness and understand the various processes of manufacturing of any of the common dosage forms viz. tablets, capsules, liquid orals, injectables, etc. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the filed visit shall be submitted.

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PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-12T 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on the chemical structure, storage conditions and medicinal uses of organic and inorganic chemical substances used as drugs and pharmaceuticals. Also, this course discusses the impurities, quality control aspects of chemical substances used in pharmaceuticals.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following aspects of the chemical substances used as drugs and pharmaceuticals for various disease conditions

- 1. Chemical classification, chemical name, chemical structure
- 2. Pharmacological uses, doses, stability and storage conditions
- 3. Different types of formulations / dosage form available and their brand names
- 4. Impurity testing and basic quality control tests

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the chemical class, structure and chemical name of the commonly used drugs and pharmaceuticals of both organic and inorganic nature
- 2. Discuss the pharmacological uses, dosage regimen, stability issues and storage conditions of all such chemical substances commonly used as drugs
- 3. Describe the quantitative and qualitative analysis, impurity testing of the chemical substances given in the official monographs
- 4. Identify the dosage form & the brand names of the drugs and pharmaceuticals popular in the marketplace

Chapter	Topic	Hours
1	Introduction to Pharmaceutical chemistry: Scope and objectives	8
	Sources and types of errors: Accuracy, precision, significant figures	
	Impurities in Pharmaceuticals: Source and effect of	
	impurities in Pharmacopoeial substances, importance of	
	limit test, Principle and procedures of Limit tests for	
	chlorides, sulphates, iron, heavy metals and arsenic.	

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2	Volumetric analysis: Fundamentals	of volumetric	8
	analysis, Acid-base titration, non-aque precipitation titration, complexometric titration Cravimetric analysis: Principle and mathe	itration, redox	
	Gravimetric analysis: Principle and methor	od.	
3	Inorganic Pharmaceuticals:	Pharmaceutical	7

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	formulations, market preparations, storage conditions and uses of • Haematinics: Ferrous sulphate, Ferrous fumarate, Ferric ammonium citrate, Ferrous ascorbate, Carbonyl iron • Antacids: Aluminium hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide, Magaldrate, Sodium bicarbonate, Calcium Carbonate • Anti-microbial agents: Silver Nitrate, Ionic Silver, Chlorhexidine Gluconate, Hydrogen peroxide, Boric acid, Bleaching powder, Potassium permanganate • Dental products: Calcium carbonate, Sodium fluoride, Denture cleaners, Denture adhesives, Mouth washes • Medicinal gases: Carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, oxygen	
4	Introduction to nomenclature of organic chemical systems with particular reference to heterocyclic compounds containing up to Three rings	2
_	the following category of medicinal compounds with re-	-
	tion, chemical name, chemical structure (compounds	
=	es, stability and storage conditions, different types of form	ulations
	popular brand names	
5	 Drugs Acting on Central Nervous System Anaesthetics: Thiopental Sodium*, Ketamine Hydrochloride*, Propofol Sedatives and Hypnotics: Diazepam*, Alprazolam*, Nitrazepam, Phenobarbital* Antipsychotics: Chlorpromazine Hydrochloride*, Haloperidol*, Risperidone*, Sulpiride*, Olanzapine, Quetiapine, Lurasidone Anticonvulsants: Phenytoin*, Carbamazepine*, Clonazepam, Valproic Acid*, Gabapentin*, Topiramate, Vigabatrin, Lamotrigine Anti-Depressants: Amitriptyline Hydrochloride*, 	9

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6	Drugs Acting on Autonomic Nervous System	9
	• Sympathomimetic Agents: Direct Acting: Nor-	
	Epinephrine*, Epinephrine, Phenylephrine,	
	Dopamine*, Terbutaline, Salbutamol (Albuterol),	
	Naphazoline*, Tetrahydrozoline. <i>Indirect Acting</i>	

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7	 Agents: Hydroxy Amphetamine, Pseudoephedrine. Agents With Mixed Mechanism: Ephedrine, Metaraminol Adrenergic Antagonists: Alpha Adrenergic Blockers: Tolazoline, Phentolamine Phenoxybenzamine, Prazosin. Beta Adrenergic Blockers: Propranolol*, Atenolol*, Carvedilol Cholinergic Drugs and Related Agents: Direct Acting Agents: Acetylcholine*, Carbachol, And Pilocarpine. Cholinesterase Inhibitors: Neostigmine*, Edrophonium Chloride, Tacrine Hydrochloride, Pralidoxime Chloride, Echothiopate Iodide Cholinergic Blocking Agents: Atropine Sulphate*, Ipratropium Bromide Synthetic Cholinergic Blocking Agents: Tropicamide, Cyclopentolate Hydrochloride, Clidinium Bromide, Dicyclomine Hydrochloride* Drugs Acting on Cardiovascular System Anti-Arrhythmic Drugs: Quinidine Sulphate, Procainamide Hydrochloride, Verapamil, Phenytoin Sodium*, Lidocaine Hydrochloride, Lorcainide Hydrochloride, Amiodarone and Sotalol Anti-Hypertensive Agents: Propranolol*, Captopril*, Ramipril, Methyldopate Hydrochloride, Nifedipine, 	5
8	 Antianginal Agents: Isosorbide Dinitrate Diuretics: Acetazolamide, Frusemide*, Bumetanide, Chlorthalidone, Benzthiazide, Metolazone, Xipamide, Spironolactone 	2
9	Hypoglycemic Agents: Insulin and Its Preparations, Metformin*, Glibenclamide*, Glimepiride, Pioglitazone, Repaglinide, Gliflozins, Gliptins	3
10	Analgesic And Anti-Inflammatory Agents: Morphine Analogues, Narcotic Antagonists; Nonsteroidal Anti-Inflammatory Agents (NSAIDs) - Aspirin*, Diclofenac, Ibuprofen*, Piroxicam, Celecoxib, Mefenamic Acid, Paracetamol*, Aceclofenac	3

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11	Anti-Infective Agents	8
	Antifungal Agents: Amphotericin-B, Griseofulvin,	
	Miconazole, Ketoconazole*, Itraconazole,	
	Fluconazole*, Naftifine Hydrochloride	
	Urinary Tract Anti-Infective Agents: Norfloxacin,	
	Ciprofloxacin, Ofloxacin*, Moxifloxacin,	

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	 Anti-Tubercular Agents: INH*, Ethambutol, Para Amino Salicylic Acid, Pyrazinamide, Rifampicin, Bedaquiline, Delamanid, Pretomanid* Antiviral Agents: Amantadine Hydrochloride, Idoxuridine, Acyclovir*, Foscarnet, Zidovudine, Ribavirin, Remdesivir, Favipiravir Antimalarials: Quinine Sulphate, Chloroquine Phosphate*, Primaquine Phosphate, Mefloquine*, Cycloguanil, Pyrimethamine, Artemisinin Sulfonamides: Sulfanilamide, Sulfadiazine, Sulfametho xazole, Sulfacetamide*, Mafenide Acetate, Cotrimoxazole, Dapsone* 	
12	Antibiotics: Penicillin G, Amoxicillin*, Cloxacillin, Streptomycin, <i>Tetracyclines:</i> Doxycycline, Minocycline, <i>Macrolides:</i> Erythromycin, Azithromycin, <i>Miscellaneous:</i> Chloramphenicol* Clindamycin	8
13	Anti-Neoplastic Agents: Cyclophosphamide*, Busulfan, Mercaptopurine, Fluorouracil*, Methotrexate, Dactinomycin, Doxorubicin Hydrochloride, Vinblastine Sulphate, Cisplatin*, Dromostanolone Propionate	3

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-12P 75 Hours (3

Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic training and hands-on experiences to synthesis chemical substances used as drugs and pharmaceuticals. Also, to perform the quality control tests, impurity testing, test for purity and systematic qualitative analysis of chemical substances used as drugs and pharmaceuticals.

Course Objectives: This course will provide the hands-on experience on the following aspects of chemical substances used as drugs and pharmaceuticals

- 1. Limit tests and assays of selected chemical substances as per the monograph
- 2. Volumetric analysis of the chemical substances
- 3. Basics of preparatory chemistry and their analysis

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4. Systematic qualitative analysis for the identification of the chemical drugs

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be

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able to

- 1. Perform the limit tests for various inorganic elements and report
- 2. Prepare standard solutions using the principles of volumetric analysis

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- 3. Test the purity of the selected inorganic and organic compounds against the monograph standards
- 4. Synthesize the selected chemical substances as per the standard synthetic scheme
- 5. Perform qualitative tests to systematically identify the unknown chemical substances

Practicals

S. No.	Experiment
1	Limit test for
	Chlorides; sulphate; Iron; heavy metals
2	Identification tests for Anions and Cations as per Indian Pharmacopoeia
3	Fundamentals of volumetric analysis
	Preparation of standard solution and standardization of Sodium Hydroxide, Ceric Ammonium Sulfate, Potassium Permanganate
4	Assay of the following compounds
	Ferrous sulphate- by redox titration
	Calcium gluconate-by complexometric
	Sodium chloride-by Modified Volhard's method
	Ascorbic acid by cerimetry
	Metronidazole by Non-Aqueous Titration
	Ibuprofen by alkalimetry
5	Fundamentals of preparative organic chemistry
	Determination of Melting point and boiling point of organic compounds
6	Preparation of organic compounds
	Acetanilide from aniline
	Aspirin from salicylic acid
7	Identification and test for purity of pharmaceuticals
	Aspirin, Caffeine, Paracetamol, Sulfanilamide
8	Systematic Qualitative analysis experiments (4 substances)

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Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit the written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. Different monographs and formularies available and their major contents
- 2. Significance of quality control and quality assurance in pharmaceutical industries
- 3. Overview on Green Chemistry
- 4. Various software programs available for computer aided drug discovery
- 5. Various instrumentations used for characterization & quantification of drug

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PHARMACOGNOSY - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-13T 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart knowledge on the medicinal uses of various drugs of natural origin. Also, the course emphasizes the fundamental concepts in the evaluation of crude drugs, alternative systems of medicine, nutraceuticals and herbal cosmetics.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following aspects of drug substances derived from natural resources.

- 1. Occurrence, distribution, isolation, identification tests of common phytoconstituents
- 2. Therapeutic activity and pharmaceutical applications of various natural drug substances and phytoconstituents
- 3. Biological source, chemical constituents of selected crude drugs and their therapeutic efficacy in common diseases and ailments
- Basic concepts in quality control of crude drugs and various system of medicines
- 5. Applications of herbs in health foods and cosmetics

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the important/common crude drugs of natural origin
- 2. Describe the uses of herbs in nutraceuticals and cosmeceuticals
- 3. Discuss the principles of alternative system of medicines
- 4. Describe the importance of quality control of drugs of natural origin

Chapter	Topic	Hours
1	Definition, history, present status and scope of	2
	Pharmacognosy	

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2	Classification of drugs:	4
	Alphabetical	
	Taxonomical	
	Morphological	
	Pharmacological	
	Chemical	
	Chemo-taxonomical	
3	Quality control of crude drugs:	6
	Different methods of adulteration of crude drugs	

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प्रो० मुनीश आहुजा डाँ० विपिन कुमार

हुमार प्रो० एस० के० राजपूत

श्री कपिल कुमार गोयल

	Evaluation of cru	de drugs	
4	Brief outline of continuous identification tests, the	rapeutic activity and pharmaceutical s, terpenoids, glycosides, volatile oils,	6
	tannins and resins.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
5	Biological source, chem	ical constituents and therapeutic	34
	efficacy of the following	categories of crude drugs.	
	Laxatives	Aloe, Castor oil, Ispaghula, Senna	1
	Cardiotonic	Digitalis, Arjuna	
	Carminatives and	Coriander, Fennel, Cardamom,	1
	G.I. regulators	Ginger, Clove, Black Pepper,	
		Asafoetida, Nutmeg, Cinnamon	
	Astringents	Myrobalan, Black Catechu	
	Drugs acting on	Hyoscyamus, Belladonna,	
	nervous system	Ephedra, Opium, Tea leaves,	
		Coffee seeds, Coca	_
	Anti-hypertensive	Rauwolfia	
	Anti-tussive	Vasaka, Tolu Balsam	
	Anti-rheumatics	Colchicum seed	_
	Anti-tumour	Vinca, Podophyllum	_
	Antidiabetics	Pterocarpus, Gymnema	
	Diuretics	Gokhru, Punarnava	
	Anti-dysenteric	Ipecacuanha	
	Antiseptics and	Benzoin, Myrrh, Neem, Turmeric	
	disinfectants		_
	Antimalarials	Cinchona, Artemisia	
	Oxytocic	Ergot	_
	Vitamins	Cod liver oil, Shark liver oil	
	Enzymes	Papaya, Diastase, Pancreatin,	
	Di como d'ori	Yeast	_
	Pharmaceutical	Kaolin, Lanolin, Beeswax, Acacia,	
	Aids	Tragacanth, Sodium alginate, Agar,	
	Miggellangeres	Guar gum, Gelatine	-
	Miscellaneous	Squill, Galls, Pale catechu,	
		Ashwagandha, Vasaka, Tulsi,	
		Guggul	

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6	Plant fibres used as surgical dressings: Cotton, silk, wool	3
	and regenerated fibres	
	Sutures – Surgical Catgut and Ligatures	
7	Basic principles involved in the traditional systems of	8
	medicine like: Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homeopathy	

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	Method of preparation of Ayurvedic formulations like:	
	Arista, Asava, Gutika, Taila, Churna, Lehya and Bhasma	
8	Role of medicinal and aromatic plants in national economy	2
	and their export potential	
9	Herbs as health food:	4
	Brief introduction and therapeutic applications of:	
	Nutraceuticals, Antioxidants, Pro-biotics, Pre-biotics, Dietary	
	fibres, Omega-3-fatty acids, Spirulina, Carotenoids, Soya	
	and Garlic	
10	Herbal cosmetics:	4
	Sources, chemical constituents, commercial preparations,	
	therapeutic and cosmetic uses of: Aloe vera gel, Almond oil,	
	Lavender oil, Olive oil, Rosemary oil, Sandal Wood oil	
11	Phytochemical investigation of drugs	2

PHARMACOGNOSY - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-13P 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students in physical identification, morphological characterization, physical and chemical characterization and evaluation of commonly used herbal drugs.

Course Objectives: This course will provide hands-on experiences to the students in

- 1. Identification of the crude drugs based on their morphological characteristics
- 2. Various characteristic anatomical characteristics of the herbal drugs studied through transverse section
- 3. Physical and chemical tests to evaluate the crude drugs

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the given crude drugs based on the morphological characteristics
- 2. Take a transverse section of the given crude drugs
- 3. Describe the anatomical characteristics of the given crude drug under microscopical conditions
- 4. Carry out the physical and chemical tests to evaluate the given

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crude drugs

Practicals

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1. Morphological Identification of the following drugs:

Ispaghula, Senna, Coriander, Fennel, Cardamom, Ginger, Nutmeg, Black Pepper, Cinnamon, Clove, Ephedra, Rauwolfia, Gokhru, Punarnava, Cinchona, Agar.

2. Gross anatomical studies (Transverse Section) of the following drugs:

Ajwain, Datura, Cinnamon, Cinchona, Coriander, Ashwagandha, Liquorice, Clove, Curcuma, Nuxvomica, Vasaka

3. Physical and chemical tests for evaluation of any FIVE of the following drugs:

Asafoetida, Benzoin, Pale catechu, Black catechu, Castor oil, Acacia, Tragacanth, Agar, Guar gum, Gelatine.

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit the written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. Market preparations of various dosage forms of Ayurvedic, Unani, Siddha, Homeopathic (Classical and Proprietary), indications, and their labelling requirements
- 2 Market preparations of various herbal cosmetics, indications, and their labelling requirements

Field Visit

The students shall be taken in groups to a medicinal garden to witness and understand the nature of various medicinal plants discussed in theory and practical courses. Additionally, they shall be taken in groups to the pharmacies of traditional systems of medicines to understand the availability of various dosage forms and their labelling requirements. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the filed visit shall be submitted.

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HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-14T 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on the structure and functions of the human body. It helps in understanding both homeostasis mechanisms and homeostatic imbalances of various systems of the human body.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following

- Structure and functions of the various organ systems and organs of the human body
- 2. Homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances in the human body
- 3. Various vital physiological parameters of the human body and their significances

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the various organ systems of the human body
- 2. Discuss the anatomical features of the important human organs and tissues
- 3. Explain the homeostatic mechanisms regulating the normal physiology in the human system
- 4. Discuss the significance of various vital physiological parameters of the human body

Chapter	Торіс	Hours
1	Scope of Anatomy and Physiology	2
	Definition of various terminologies	
2	Structure of Cell: Components and its functions	2
3	Tissues of the human body : Epithelial, Connective, Muscular and Nervous tissues – their sub-types and characteristics.	4
4	Osseous system: structure and functions of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton Classification, types and movements of joints, disorders of joints	3
	of joints	

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5	Haemopoietic system	8
	 Composition and functions of blood 	
	Process of Hemopoiesis	
	 Characteristics and functions of RBCs, WBCs and platelets 	
	Mechanism of Blood Clotting	

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	Importance of Blood groups	
6	Lymphatic system	3
	 Lymph and lymphatic system, composition, function and its formation. 	
	 Structure and functions of spleen and lymph node. 	
7	Cardiovascular system	8
-	Anatomy and Physiology of heart	
	Blood vessels and circulation (Pulmonary, coronary and	
	systemic circulation)	
	Cardiac cycle and Heart sounds, Basics of ECG	
	Blood pressure and its regulation	
8	Respiratory system	4
	 Anatomy of respiratory organs and their functions. 	
	Regulation Mechanism of respiration.	
	Respiratory volumes and capacities – definitions	
9	Digestive system	8
	Anatomy and Physiology of GITAnatomy and functions of accessory glands	
	 Physiology of digestion and absorption 	
10	Skeletal muscles	2
	Histology	_
	Physiology of muscle contraction	
	Disorder of skeletal muscles	
11	Nervous system	8
	Classification of nervous system	
	 Anatomy and physiology of cerebrum, cerebellum, mid 	
	brain	
	Function of hypothalamus, medulla oblongata and basal	
	ganglia	
	Spinal cord-structure and reflexes Names and functions of granish parties.	
	Names and functions of cranial nerves. Anatomy and physiology of sympathetic and	
	 Anatomy and physiology of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system (ANS) 	
	paradympatriotic florvous system (7446)	

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12	Sense organs - Anatomy and physiology of	6
	• Eye	
	• Ear	
	Skin	
	Tongue	

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	Nose	
13	Urinary system	4
	 Anatomy and physiology of urinary system 	
	Physiology of urine formation	
	Renin - angiotensin system	
	Clearance tests and micturition	
14	Endocrine system (Hormones and their functions)	6
	Pituitary gland	
	Adrenal gland	
	Thyroid and parathyroid gland	
	Pancreas and gonads	
15	Reproductive system	4
	 Anatomy of male and female reproductive system 	
	Physiology of menstruation	
	Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis	
	Pregnancy and parturition	

HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-14P 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)
Scope: This course is designed to train the students and instil the skills for carrying

out basic physiological monitoring of various systems and functions.

Course Objectives: This course will provide hands-on experience in the following

- 1. General blood collection techniques and carrying out various haematological assessments and interpreting the results
- 2. Recording and monitoring the vital physiological parameters in human subjects and the basic interpretations of the results
- 3. Microscopic examinations of the various tissues permanently mounted in glass slides
- 4. Discuss the anatomical and physiological characteristics of various organ systems of the body using models, charts and other teaching aids

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform the haematological tests in human subjects and interpret the results
- 2. Record, monitor and document the vital physiological parameters of human subjects and interpret the results

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- 3. Describe the anatomical features of the important human tissues under the microscopical conditions
- 4. Discuss the significance of various anatomical and physiological characteristics of the human body

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Practicals

- 1. Study of compound microscope
- 2. General techniques for the collection of blood
- 3. Microscopic examination of Epithelial tissue, Cardiac muscle, Smooth muscle, Skeletal muscle, Connective tissue and Nervous tissue of ready / pre-prepared slides.
- 4. Study of Human Skeleton-Axial skeleton and appendicular skeleton
- 5. Study of appliances used in Haematological experiments (only identification and listing the appliances)
- 6. Determination of
 - a. Blood group
 - b. ESR
 - c. Haemoglobin content of blood
 - d. Bleeding time and Clotting time
- 7. Determination of WBC count of blood
- 8. Determination of RBC count of blood
- 9. Determination of Differential count of blood
- 10. Recording of Blood Pressure in various postures, different arms, before and after exertion and interpreting the results
- 11. Recording of Body temperature (using mercury, digital and IR thermometers at various locations), Pulse rate/ Heart rate (at various locations in the body, before and after exertion), Respiratory Rate
- 12. Recording Pulse Oxygen (before and after exertion)
- 13. Recording force of air expelled using Peak Flow Meter
- 14. Measurement of height, weight, and BMI
- 15. Study of various systems and organs with the help of chart, models and specimens
 - a) Cardiovascular system
 - b) Respiratory system
 - c) Digestive system
 - d) Urinary system
 - e) Endocrine system
 - f) Reproductive system
 - g) Nervous system
 - h) Eve
 - i) Ear
 - i) Skin

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SOCIAL PHARMACY - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-15T 75 Hours (3

Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on public health, epidemiology, preventive care and other social health related concepts. Also, to emphasize the roles of pharmacists in the public health programs.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss about basic concepts of

- 1. Public health and national health programs
- 2. Preventive healthcare
- 3. Food and nutrition related health issues
- 4. Health education & promotion
- 5. General roles and responsibilities of pharmacists in public health

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Discuss about roles of pharmacists in the various national health programs
- 2. Describe various sources of health hazards and disease preventive measures
- 3. Discuss the healthcare issues associated with food and nutritional substances
- 4. Describe the general roles and responsibilities of pharmacists in public health

Chapter	Торіс	Hours
1	 Introduction to Social Pharmacy Definition and Scope. Social Pharmacy as a discipline and its scope in improving the public health. Role of Pharmacists in Public Health. (2) Concept of Health - WHO Definition, various dimensions, determinants, and health indicators. (3) National Health Policy – Indian perspective (1) Introduction to Millennium Development Goals, Sustainable Development Goals, FIP Development Goals (1) 	7

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Preventive healthcare – Role of Pharmacists in the following Demography and Family Planning (3)

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- Mother and child health, importance of breastfeeding, ill effects of infant milk substitutes and bottle feeding (2)
- Overview of Vaccines, types of immunity and immunization (5)

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	 Effect of Environment on Health – Water pollution, importance of safe drinking water, waterborne diseases, air pollution, noise pollution, sewage and solid waste disposal, occupational illnesses, Environmental pollution due to pharmaceuticals (6) Psychosocial Pharmacy: Drugs of misuse and abuse – psychotropics, narcotics, alcohol, tobacco products. Social Impact of these habits on social health and productivity and suicidal behaviours (2) 	
3	 Nutrition and Health Basics of nutrition – Macronutrients and Micronutrients (2) Importance of water and fibres in diet (1) Balanced diet, nutrition deficiency diseases, ill effects of junk foods, calorific and nutritive values of various foods, fortification of food (3) Introduction to food safety, adulteration of foods, effects of artificial ripening, use of pesticides, genetically modified foods (1) Dietary supplements, nutraceuticals, food supplements – indications, benefits, Drug-Food Interactions (2) 	7

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Epidemiology: Introduction to the terms Epidemiology, its applications, terms such as epidemic, pandemic, endemic, mode of transmission, quarantine, isolation, incubation period, contact tracing. (2)

Causative agents, epidemiology and clinical presentations and Role of Pharmacists in educating the public in prevention of the following communicable diseases:

- Respiratory infections chickenpox, measles, rubella, mumps, influenza (including Avian-Flu, H1N1, SARS, MERS, COVID-19), diphtheria, whooping cough, meningococcal meningitis, acute respiratory infections, tuberculosis, Ebola (10)
- Intestinal infections poliomyelitis, viral hepatitis, cholera, acute diarrheal diseases, typhoid, amebiasis, worm infestations, food poisoning (8)
- Arthropod-borne infections dengue, malaria, filariasis

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	 and, chikungunya (4) Surface infections – trachoma, tetanus, leprosy (3) STDs, HIV/AIDS (3) 	
5	Introduction to health systems and all ongoing National health programs in India, their objectives, functioning, outcome and the role of pharmacists.	5
6	Role of Pharmacists in disaster management.	2
7	Pharmacoeconomics - basics, Health Insurance, Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs), Health spending, Out-of-pocket expenses	3

SOCIAL PHARMACY - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-15P 75 Hours (3

Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to provide simulated experience in various public health and social pharmacy activities.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students on various roles of pharmacists in public health and social pharmacy activities in the following areas

- 1. National immunization programs
- 2. Reproductive and child health programs
- 3. Food and nutrition related health programs
- 4. Health education and promotion
- 5. General roles and responsibilities of the pharmacists in public health
- 6. First Aid for various emergency conditions including basic life support and cardiopulmonary resuscitation

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- Describe the roles and responsibilities of pharmacists in various National health programs
- 2. Design promotional materials for public health awareness
- 3. Describe various health hazards including microbial sources
- 4. Advice on preventive measures for various diseases

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5. Provide first aid for various emergency conditions including basic life support and cardiopulmonary resuscitation

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Note: Demonstration / Hands-on experience / preparation of charts / models / promotional materials / role plays / enacting / e-brochures / e-flyers / podcasts / video podcasts / any other innovative activities to understand the concept of various elements of social pharmacy listed here. (At least one activity to be carried out for each one of the following):

Practicals

- 1. National immunization schedule for children, adult vaccine schedule, Vaccines not included in the National Immunization Program.
- 2. RCH reproductive and child health nutritional aspects
- 3. Family planning devices
- 4. Microscopical observation of different microbes (readymade slides)
- 5. Oral Health and Hygiene
- 6. Personal hygiene and etiquettes hand washing techniques, Cough and sneeze etiquettes. Various types of masks, PPE gear, wearing/using them, and disposal.
- 7. Menstrual hygiene, products used
- 8. Marketed preparations of disinfectants, antiseptics, fumigating agents, antilarval agents, mosquito repellents, etc.
- 9. Health Communication: Audio / Video podcasts, Images, Power Point Slides, Short Films, etc. in regional language(s) for mass communication / education / awareness on 5 different communicable diseases, their signs and symptoms, and prevention
- 10. Water purification techniques, use of water testing kit, calculation of content/percentage of KMnO4, bleaching powder to be used for wells/tanks
- 11. Counselling children on junk foods, balanced diets using Information, Education and Communication (IEC), counselling, etc. (Simulation Experiments)
- 12. Preparation of various charts on nutrition, sources of various nutrients from locally available foods, calculation of caloric needs of different groups (e.g., child, mother, sedentary lifestyle, etc.). Chart of glycemic index of foods
- 13. Tobacco cessation, counselling, identifying various tobacco containing products through charts/pictures
- 14. First Aid Theory, basics, demonstration, hands on training, audio-visuals, and practices, BSL (Basic Life Support) Systems [SCA Sudden Cardiac Arrest, FBAO Foreign Body Airway Obstruction, CPR, Defibrillation (using AED) (include CPR techniques, First Responder)

Assignment

The students shall be asked to submit the written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE

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assignments per student)

1. An overview on Antibiograms

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- 2. Study the labels of various packed foods to understand their nutritional contents
- 3. Calorie free sweeteners market examples, and their contents
- 4. Breastfeeding counselling, guidance using Information, Education and Communication (IEC)
- 5. Information about the organizations working on deaddiction services in the region (city / district, etc.)
- 6. Role of a pharmacist in disaster management A case study
- 7. Overview on the National Tuberculosis Elimination Programme (NTEP)
- 8. Drug disposal systems in the country, at industry level and citizen level
- 9. Various Prebiotics or Probiotics (dietary and market products)
- 10. Emergency preparedness: Study local Government structure with respect to Fire, Police departments, health department
- 11. Prepare poster/presentation for general public on any one of the World Health Days. e.g., TB Day, AIDS Day, Handwashing Day, World Diabetes Day, World Heart Day, etc.
- 12. List of home medicines, their storage, safe handling and disposal of unused medicines
- 13. Responsible Use of Medicines: From Purchase to Disposal
- 14. Collection of newspaper clips (minimum 5) relevant to any one topic and its submission in an organized form with collective summary based on the news items
- 15. Read a minimum one article relevant to any theory topic, from Pharma /Science/ or other Periodicals and prepare summary of it for submission
- 16. Mental health and its significances among the various segments of the society
- 17. Potential roles of pharmacists in rural India

Field Visits

The students shall be taken in groups to visit any THREE of the following facilities to witness and understand the activities of such centres/facilities from the perspectives of the topics discussed in theory and/or practical courses. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the field visits shall be submitted.

- 1. Garbage Treatment Plant
- 2. Sewage Treatment Plant
- 3. Bio-medical Waste Treatment Plant
- 4. Effluent Treatment Plant
- 5. Water purification plant
- 6. Orphanage / Elderly-Care-Home / School and or Hostel/Home for persons with

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disabilities

7. Primary health care centre

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8. ER-2020 DPharm Syllabus - Part II

S.	Course	Name of the Course	Total	Hours per
No.	Code		Hours	Week
1.	ER20-21T	Pharmacology – Theory	75	3
2.	ER20-21P	Pharmacology – Practical	50	2
3.	ER20-22T	Community Pharmacy & Management – Theory	75	3
4.	ER20-22P	Community Pharmacy & Management – Practical	75	3
5.	ER20-23T	Biochemistry & Clinical Pathology – Theory	75	3
6.	ER20-23P	Biochemistry & Clinical Pathology – Practical	50	2
7.	ER20-24T	Pharmacotherapeutics – Theory	75	3
8.	ER20-24P	Pharmacotherapeutics – Practical	25	1
9.	ER20-25T	Hospital & Clinical Pharmacy – Theory	75	3
10.	ER20-25P	Hospital & Clinical Pharmacy – Practical	25	1
11.	ER20-26T	Pharmacy Law & Ethics	75	3

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PHARMACOLOGY - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-21T 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course provides basic knowledge about different classes of drugs available for the pharmacotherapy of common diseases. The indications for use, dosage regimen, routes of administration, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and contraindications of the drugs discussed in this course are vital for successful professional practice.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following:

- 1. General concepts of pharmacology including pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, routes of administration, etc.
- 2. Pharmacological classification and indications of drugs
- 3. Dosage regimen, mechanisms of action, contraindications of drugs
- 4. Common adverse effects of drugs

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the basic concepts of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics2. Enlist the various classes and drugs of choices for any given disease condition
- 3. Advice the dosage regimen, route of administration and contraindications for a given drug
- 4. Describe the common adverse drug reactions

Chapter	Topic	Hours
1 1	 General Pharmacology Introduction and scope of Pharmacology Various routes of drug administration - advantages and disadvantages Drug absorption - definition, types, factors affecting drug absorption Bioavailability and the factors affecting bioavailability Drug distribution - definition, factors affecting drug distribution Biotransformation of drugs - Definition, types of biotransformation reactions, factors influencing drug metabolisms Excretion of drugs - Definition, routes of drug excretion General mechanisms of drug action and factors 	Hours 10
	modifying drug action	

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2	Drugs Acting on the Peripheral Nervous System	11	
	Steps involved in neurohumoral transmission		
	 Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications, and contraindications of 		
	 a) Cholinergic drugs b) Anti-Cholinergic drugs c) Adrenergic drugs d) Anti-adrenergic drugs e) Neuromuscular blocking agents f) Drugs used in Myasthenia gravis g) Local anaesthetic agents 		
	h) Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)		
3	Drugs Acting on the Eye Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications and contraindications of • Miotics • Mydriatics • Drugs used in Glaucoma	2	
4	Drugs Acting on the Central Nervous System Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose, indications and contraindications of • General anaesthetics • Hypnotics and sedatives • Anti-Convulsant drugs • Anti-anxiety drugs • Anti-depressant drugs • Anti-psychotics • Nootropic agents • Centrally acting muscle relaxants • Opioid analgesics	8	

विनोद नौटियाल डॉ० अश्वनी कुमार

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5	Drugs Acting on the Cardiovascular System	6
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	
	indications and contraindications of	
	Anti-hypertensive drugs	
	Anti-anginal drugs	
	Anti-arrhythmic drugs	
	 Drugs used in atherosclerosis and 	
	Congestive heart failure	
6	Drugs Acting on Blood and Blood Forming Organs	4
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	
	indications and contraindications of	
	Hematinic agents	
	Anti-coagulants	
	Anti-platelet agents	
	Thrombolytic drugs	
7	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	2
	indications and contraindications of	
	Bronchodilators	
	Expectorants	
	Anti-tussive agents	
	Mucolytic agents	
8	Drugs Acting on the Gastro Intestinal Tract	5
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	
	indications and contraindications of	
	Anti-ulcer drugs	
	Anti-emetics	
	 Laxatives and purgatives 	
	Anti-diarrheal drugs	
9	Drugs Acting on the Kidney	2
	Definition, classification, pharmacological actions, dose,	
	indications, and contraindications of	
	Diuretics	
	Anti-Diuretics	

विनोद नौटियाल डाँ० अश्वनी कुमार

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10	Hormones and Hormone Antagonists	8	
	Physiological and pathological role and clinical uses of		
	Thyroid hormones		
	Anti-thyroid drugs		
	Parathormone		
	Calcitonin		
	Vitamin D		
	Insulin		
	Oral hypoglycemic agents		
	Estrogen		
	Progesterone		
	Oxytocin		
	Corticosteroids		
11	Autocoids	3	
	 Physiological role of Histamine, 5 HT and 		
	Prostaglandins		
	 Classification, clinical uses and adverse effects of 		
	antihistamines and 5 HT antagonists		

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12	Chemotherapeutic Agents: Introduction, basic principles	12
	of chemotherapy of infections, infestations and neoplastic	
	diseases, Classification, dose, indication and	
	contraindications of drugs belonging to	
	Penicillins	
	Cephalosporins	
	Aminoglycosides	
	Fluoroquinolones	
	Macrolides	
	Tetracyclines	
	Sulphonamides	
	Anti-tubercular drugs	
	Anti-fungal drugs	
	Anti-viral drugs	
	Anti-amoebic agents	
	Anthelmintics	
	Anti-malarial agents	
	Anti-neoplastic agents	
13	Biologicals	2
	Definition, types and indications of biological agents with	
	examples	

PHARMACOLOGY - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-21P 50 Hours (2 Hours/week)

Scope: This course provides the basic understanding about the uses, mechanisms of actions, dose dependent responses of drugs in simulated virtual animal models and experimental conditions.

Course Objectives: This course will demonstrate / provide hands-on experience in the virtual platform using appropriate software on the following

- 1. Study of pharmacological effects of drugs like local anaesthetics, mydriatic and mitotic on rabbit eye
- 2. Screening the effects of various drugs acting in the central nervous system
- 3. Study of drug effects on isolated organs / tissues

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4. Study of pyrogen testing on rabbit

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चोट चौटिगान टॉ० अप्रतनी क्रमा

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Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Study and report the local anaesthetic, mydriatic and mitotic effects of the given drug on the rabbit eye
- 2. Choose appropriate animal experiment model to study the effects of the given

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- drugs acting on the central nervous system and submit the report
- 3. Perform the effects of given tissues (simulated) on isolated organs / tissues and interpret the results
- 4. Interpret the dose dependent responses of drugs in various animal experiment models

Practicals

Introduction to the following topics pertaining to the experimental pharmacology have to be discussed and documented in the practical manuals.

- 1. Introduction to experimental pharmacology
- 2. Study of laboratory animals
 - (a) Mice; (b) Rats; (c) Guinea pigs; (d) Rabbits
- 3. Commonly used instruments in experimental pharmacology
- 4. Different routes of administration of drugs in animals
- 5. Types of pre-clinical experiments: In-Vivo, In-Vitro, Ex-Vivo, etc.
- 6. Techniques of blood collection from animals

Experiments

Note: Animals shall not be used for doing / demonstrating any of the experiments given. The given experiments shall be carried-out / demonstrated as the case may be, ONLY with the use of software program(s).

- 1. Study of local anaesthetics on rabbit eye
- 2. Study of Mydriatic effect on rabbit eye
- Study of Miotic effect on rabbit eye
- 4. Effect of analgesics using Analgesiometer
- 5. Study of analgesic activity by writhing test
- 6. Screening of anti-convulsant using Electro Convulsiometer
- 7. Screening of Muscle relaxants using Rota-Rod apparatus
- 8. Screening of CNS stimulants and depressants using Actophotometer
- 9. Study of anxiolytic activity using elevated plus maze method
- 10. Study of effect of drugs (any 2) on isolated heart
- 11. Effect of drugs on ciliary motility on frog's buccal cavity
- 12. Pyrogen testing by rabbit method

Assignments

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The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

1. Newer techniques in experimental pharmacology

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विनोद नौटियाल

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- 2. Introduction to High Throughput screening
- 3. Introduction to ELISA test
- 4. Intro to Allergy Testing
- 5. Intro to Toxicity Studies
- 6. Drugs available as paediatric formulations
- 7. Drug Facts Labels of USFDA
- 8. Antimicrobial Resistance
- 9. Introduction to Bioassays
- 10. Pre-clinical studies in new drug development

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श्री कपिल कुमार गोयल

COMMUNITY PHARMACY AND MANAGEMENT – THEORY

Course Code: ER20-22T 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: The course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills to provide various pharmaceutical care services to patients and general practitioners in the community setup.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following

- 1. Establishing and running a community pharmacy and its legal requirements
- 2. Professional aspects of handling and filling prescriptions
- 3. Patient counselling on diseases, prescription and or non-prescription drugs
- 4. Scope for performing basic health screening in community pharmacy settings

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the establishment, legal requirements and effective administration of a community pharmacy
- 2. Professionally handle prescriptions and dispense medications
- 3. Counsel patients about the disease, prescription and or non- prescription drugs
- 4. Perform basic health screening on patients and interpret the reports in the community pharmacy settings

Chapter	Topic	Hours
1	Community Pharmacy Practice – Definition, history and development of community pharmacy - International and Indian scenarios	2
2	Professional responsibilities of community pharmacists Introduction to the concept of Good Pharmacy Practice and SOPs.	3

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3	Prescription and prescription handling	7
	 Definition, parts of prescriptions, legality of prescriptions, 	
	prescription handling, labelling of dispensed medications	
	(Main label, ancillary label, pictograms), brief instructions	
	on medication usage	
	 Dispensing process, Good Dispensing Practices, 	
	dispensing errors and strategies to minimize them	
4	Communication skills	6
	Definition, types of communication skills	
	Interactions with professionals and patients	
	Verbal communication skills (one-to-one, over the	
	telephone)	
	Written communication skills	
	Body language	
	Patient interview techniques	
5	Patient counselling	10
	Definition and benefits of patient counselling	
	Stages of patient counselling - Introduction, counselling	
	content, counselling process and closing the counselling session	
	Barriers to effective counseling - Types and strategies	
	to overcome the barriers	
	Patient counselling points for chronic	
	diseases/disorders - Hypertension, Diabetes, Asthma,	
	Tuberculosis, Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and	
	AIDS	
	Patient Package Inserts - Definition, i mportance and	
	benefits, Scenarios of PPI use in India and other countries	
	Patient Information leaflets - Definition and uses	
6	Medication Adherence	2
	Definition, factors influencing non adherence, strategies to	
	overcome non-adherence	
7	Health Screening Services in Community Pharmacy	5
	Introduction, scope and importance of various health screening	
	services - for routine monitoring of patients, early detection and	
	referral of undiagnosed cases	

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9	Over The Counter (OTC) Medications	15
	Definition, need and role of Pharmacists in OTC medication	
	dispensing	
	 OTC medications in India, counseling for OTC products 	
	 Self-medication and role of pharmacists in promoting the safe practices during self-medication 	
	 Responding to symptoms, minor ailments and advice for self-care in conditions such as - Pain management, Cough, Cold, Diarrhea, Constipation, Vomiting, Fever, 	
	Sore throat, Skin disorders, Oral health (mouth ulcers,	
	dental pain, gum swelling)	
10	Community Pharmacy Management	
	 Legal requirements to set up a community pharmacy 	25
	Site selection requirements	
	Pharmacy designs and interiors	
	Vendor selection and ordering	
	 Procurement, inventory control methods, and inventory management 	
	Financial planning and management	
	 Accountancy in community pharmacy – Day book, Cash book 	
	 Introduction to pharmacy operation softwares – usefulness and availability 	
	Customer Relation Management (CRM)	
	Audits in Pharmacies	
	SOP of Pharmacy Management	
	Introduction to Digital Health, mHealth and Online pharmacies	

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COMMUNITY PHARMACY AND MANAGEMENT - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-22P 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: The course is designed to train the students and improve professional skills to provide various pharmaceutical care services in the simulated community pharmacy.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students in the following

- 1. Professional handling and filling prescriptions
- 2. Patient counselling on diseases and minor ailments
- 3. Patient counselling on prescription and / or non-prescription drugs
- 4. Preparation of counselling materials such as patient information leaflets
- 5. Performing basic health screening tests

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Handle and fill prescriptions in a professional manner
- 2. Counsel patients on various diseases and minor ailments
- 3. Counsel patients on prescription and or non-prescription drugs
- 4. Design and prepare patient information leaflets
- 5. Perform basic health screening tests

Practicals

Note: The following practicals shall be carried out in the model community pharmacy with appropriate simulated scenarios and materials. Students shall be trained through role plays wherever necessary. The activities of the students shall be assessed / evaluated using a structured objective assessment form.

- 1. Handling of prescriptions with professional standards, reviewing prescriptions, checking for legal compliance and completeness (minimum 5)
- 2. Identification of drug-drug interactions in the prescription and follow-up actions (minimum 2)
- 3. Preparation of dispensing labels and auxiliary labels for the prescribed medications (minimum 5)
- 4. Providing the following health screening services for monitoring patients / detecting new patients (one experiment for each activity)

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Blood Pressure Recording, Capillary Blood Glucose Monitoring, Lung function assessment using Peak Flow Meter and incentive spirometer, recording capillary oxygen level using Pulse Oximeter, BMI measurement

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- Providing counselling to simulated patients for the following chronic diseases / disorders including education on the use of devices such as insulin pen, inhalers, spacers, nebulizers, etc. where appropriate (one experiment for each disease)
 - Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus, Primary Hypertension, Asthma, Hyperlipidaemia, Rheumatoid Arthritis
- 6. Providing counselling to simulated patients for the following minor ailments (any three)
 - Headache, GI disturbances (Nausea, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, diarrhoea, constipation), Worm infestations, Pyrexia, Upper Respiratory Tract infections, Skin infections, Oral and dental disorders.
 - 7. Appropriate handling of dummy dosage forms with correct administration techniques oral liquids with measuring cup/cap/dropper, Eye Drops, Inhalers, Nasal drops, Insulin pen, nebulizers, different types of tablets, patches, enemas, suppositories

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. SOPs for various activities in Community Pharmacy (as discussed in Theory and Practical)
- 2. List out the various abbreviations, short forms used in prescriptions and their interpretation
- 3. Patient Information Leaflet for a given chronic disease / disorder
- 4. Patient Information Leaflet for prescription / non-prescription drugs
- 5. Preparation of window / shelf display materials for the model community pharmacy
- 6. Software available for retail pharmacy management including billing, inventory, etc.
- 7. Dosage / Medication Reminder Aids
- 8. Overview on the operations and marketing strategies of various online pharmacies
- 9. Overview on the common fixed dose combinations
- 10. Overview on the medications require special storage conditions
- 11. Roles of Community Pharmacists in preventing Antimicrobial Resistance
- 12. Jan Aushadhi and other Generic Medicine initiatives in India
- 13. Overview of various professional associations of Pharmacy / Pharmacists in

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India

- 14. Community Pharmacy Practice Standards: Global Vs. Indian Scenario
- 15. Overview on Pharma Marketing

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Field Visit

The students shall be taken in groups to visit community pharmacies (both retail and wholesale) to understand and witness the professional activities of the community pharmacists. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the field visit shall be submitted.

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BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY – THEORY

Course Code: ER20-23T 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on the study of structure and functions of biomolecules and the chemical processes associated with living cells in normal and abnormal states. The course also emphasizes on the clinical pathology of blood and urine.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following at the fundamental level

- 1. Structure and Functions of biomolecules
- 2. Catalytic activity, diagnostic and therapeutic importance of enzymes
- 3. Metabolic pathways of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders)
- 4. Biochemical principles of organ function tests and their clinical significance
- 5. Qualitative and quantitative determination of biomolecules / metabolites in the biological sample
- 6. Clinical pathology of blood and urine

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the functions of biomolecules
- 2. Discuss the various functions of enzymes in the human system
- 3. Explain the metabolic pathways of biomolecules in both physiological and pathological conditions
- 4. Describe the principles of organ function tests and their clinical significances
- 5. Determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biological samples, both qualitatively and quantitatively
- 6. Describe the clinical pathology of blood and urine

Chapter	Topic	Hours
1	Introduction to biochemistry: Scope of biochemistry in	2
	pharmacy; Cell and its biochemical organization.	

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2	 Carbohydrates Definition, classification with examples, chemical properties Monosaccharides - Structure of glucose, fructose and galactose Disaccharides - structure of maltose, lactose and sucrose Polysaccharides - chemical nature of starch and 	5
	glycogenQualitative tests and biological role of carbohydrates	
3	 Proteins Definition, classification of proteins based on composition and solubility with examples Definition, classification of amino acids based on chemical nature and nutritional requirements with examples Structure of proteins (four levels of organization of protein structure) Qualitative tests and biological role of proteins and amino acids Diseases related to malnutrition of proteins. 	5
4	 Lipids Definition, classification with examples Structure and properties of triglycerides (oils and fats) Fatty acid classification - Based on chemical and nutritional requirements with examples Structure and functions of cholesterol in the body Lipoproteins - types, composition and functions in the body Qualitative tests and functions of lipids 	5
5	 Nucleic acids Definition, purine and pyrimidine bases Components of nucleosides and nucleotides with examples Structure of DNA (Watson and Crick model), RNA and their functions 	4

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श्री कपिल कुमार गोयल

6	Enzymes	5
	 Definition, properties and IUB and MB classification 	
	 Factors affecting enzyme activity 	
	 Mechanism of action of enzymes, Enzyme inhibitors 	
	Therapeutic and pharmaceutical importance of	
	enzymes	
7	Vitamins	6
	Definition and classification with examples	
	 Sources, chemical nature, functions, coenzyme form, 	
	recommended dietary requirements, deficiency	
	diseases of fat-and water-soluble vitamins	
8	Metabolism (Study of cycle/pathways without chemical	20
	structures)	
	Metabolism of Carbohydrates: Glycolysis, TCA cycle	
	and glycogen metabolism, regulation of blood glucose	
	level. Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of	
	Carbohydrates	
	 Metabolism of lipids: Lipolysis, β-oxidation of Fatty 	
	acid (Palmitic acid) ketogenesis and ketolysis.	
	Diseases related to abnormal metabolism of lipids such	
	as Ketoacidosis, Fatty liver, Hypercholesterolemia	
	Metabolism of Amino acids (Proteins): General	
	reactions of amino acids and its significance-	
	Transamination, deamination, Urea cycle and	
	decarboxylation. Diseases related to abnormal	
	metabolism of amino acids, Disorders of ammonia	
	metabolism, phenylketonuria, alkaptonuria and	
	Jaundice.	
	Biological oxidation: Electron transport chain	
	and Oxidative phosphorylation	
9	Minerals: Functions, Deficiency diseases, recommended	05
	dietary requirements of calcium, phosphorus, iron, sodium	
	and chloride	

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10	Water and Electrolytes	05
	Distribution, functions of water in the body	
	Water turnover and balance	
	Electrolyte composition of the body fluids, Dietary	
	intake of electrolyte and Electrolyte balance	
	Dehydration, causes of dehydration and oral	
	rehydration therapy	
11	Introduction to Biotechnology	01
12	Organ function tests	06
	Functions of kidney and routinely performed tests to	
	assess the functions of kidney and their clinical	
	significances	
	Functions of liver and routinely performed tests to	
	assess the functions of liver and their clinical	
	significances	
	Lipid profile tests and its clinical significances	
13	Introduction to Pathology of Blood and Urine	06
	Lymphocytes and Platelets, their role in health and	
	disease	
	Erythrocytes - Abnormal cells and their significance	
	Normal and Abnormal constituents of Urine and their significance	

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BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL PATHOLOGY - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-23P 75 Hours (3 Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students in the qualitative testing of various biomolecules and testing of biological samples for determination of normal and abnormal constituents

Course Objectives: This course will train and provide hands-on experiences on the following

- 1. Qualitative determination of biomolecules / metabolites in simulated biological samples
- 2. Determination of normal and abnormal constituents of simulated blood and urine samples

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Qualitatively determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biological samples
- 2. Determine the normal and abnormal constituents in blood and urine samples and interpret the results of such testing

Practicals

- 1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (4 experiments)
- 2. Qualitative analysis of Proteins and amino acids (4 experiments)
- 3. Qualitative analysis of lipids (2 experiments)
- 4. Qualitative analysis of urine for normal and abnormal constituents (4 experiments)
- 5. Determination of constituents of urine (glucose, creatinine, chlorides) (2 experiments)
- 6. Determination of constituents of blood/serum (simulated) (Creatine, glucose, cholesterol, Calcium, Urea, SGOT/SGPT) (5 experiments)
- 7. Study the hydrolysis of starch from acid and salivary amylase enzyme (1 experiment)

Assignments

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The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on Various Pathology Lab Reports (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

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विनोद नौटियाल

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डॉ० अश्वनी कुमार

डॉ० विपिन कुमार

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श्री कपिल कुमार गोयल

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-24T 75 Hours (3

Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on etiopathogenesis of common diseases and their management along with quality use of medicines.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss about

- 1. Etiopathogenesis of selected common diseases and evidence-based medicine therapy
- 2. Importance of individualized therapeutic plans based on diagnosis
- 3. Basic methods for assessing the clinical outcomes of drug therapy

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Help assessing the subjective and objective parameters of patients in common disease conditions
- 2. Assist other healthcare providers to analyse drug related problems and provide therapeutic interventions
- 3. Participate in planning the rational medicine therapy for common diseases
- 4. Design and deliver discharge counselling for patients

Chapter	Topic	Hours
1	Pharmacotherapeutics – Introduction, scope and objectives.	10
	Rational use of Medicines, Evidence Based Medicine,	
	Essential Medicines List, Standard Treatment Guidelines	
	(STGs)	
2	Definition, etiopathogenesis, clinical manifestations,	non-
	pharmacological and pharmacological management	of the
	diseases associated with	
	(a) Cardiovascular System	
	Hypertension	8
	Angina and Myocardial infarction	
	Hyperlipidaemia	
	Congestive Heart Failure	

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(b) Respiratory System	4
Asthma	
• COPD	
(c) Endocrine System	5
Diabetes	
 Thyroid disorders- Hypo and Hyperthyroidism 	

(d) Central Nervous System	8
Epilepsy	
Parkinson's disease	
Alzheimer's disease	
Stroke	
Migraine	
(e) Gastro Intestinal Disorders	8
Gastro oesophageal reflux disease	
Peptic Ulcer Disease	
Alcoholic liver disease	
 Inflammatory Bowel Diseases (Crohn's Disease and 	
Ulcerative Colitis)	
(f) Haematological disorders	4
Iron deficiency anaemia	
Megaloblastic anaemia	
(g) Infectious diseases	12
Tuberculosis	
Pneumonia	
Urinary tract infections	
Hepatitis	
Gonorrhoea and Syphilis	
Malaria	
HIV and Opportunistic infections	
Viral Infections (SARS, CoV2)	
(h) Musculoskeletal disorders	3
Rheumatoid arthritis	
Osteoarthritis	
(i) Dermatology	3
Psoriasis	
Scabies	
Eczema	
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(j) Psychiatric Disorders	4
Depression	
Anxiety	
Psychosis	
(k) Ophthalmology	2
Conjunctivitis (bacterial and viral)	
Glaucoma	
(I) Anti-microbial Resistance	2
(m) Women's Health	4
Polycystic Ovary Syndrome	
Dysmenorrhea	
Premenstrual Syndrome	

PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-24P 25 Hours (1

Hour/week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students in the basic skills required to support the pharmaceutical care services for selected common disease conditions.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students on

- 1. How to prepare a SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) note for clinical cases of selected common diseases
- 2. Patient counselling techniques/methods for common disease conditions

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Write the SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) notes for the given clinical cases of selected common diseases
- 2. Counsel the patients about the disease conditions, uses of drugs, methods of handling and administration of drugs, life-style modifications and monitoring parameters.

Practicals

I.Preparation and discussion of SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) notes for at least SIX clinical cases (real / hypothetical) of the following

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disease conditions.

- 1. Hypertension
- 2. Angina Pectoris
- 3. Myocardial Infarction
- 4. Hyperlipidaemia
- 5. Rheumatoid arthritis
- 6. Asthma
- 7. COPD
- 8. Diabetes
- 9. Epilepsy
- 10. Stroke
- 11. Depression
- 12. Tuberculosis
- 13. Anaemia (any one type as covered in theory)
- 14. Viral infection (any one type as covered in theory)
- 15. Dermatological conditions (any one condition as covered in theory)
- II. Patient counselling exercises using role plays based on the real / hypothetical clinical case scenarios. The students are expected to provide counselling on disease condition, medications, life-style modifications, monitoring parameters, etc. and the same shall be documented. (Minimum 5 cases)
- III. Simulated cases to enable dose calculation of selected drugs in paediatrics, and geriatrics under various pathological conditions. (Minimum 4 cases)

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HOSPITAL AND CLINICAL PHARMACY - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-25T 75 Hours (3

Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge and professional skills required for facilitating various hospital and clinical pharmacy services.

Course Objectives: This course will discuss and train the students in the following

- 1. Hospital and Hospital Pharmacy organization and set-ups
- 2. Basics of hospital pharmacy services including the procurement, supply chain, storage of medicines and medical supplies
- 3. Basics of clinical pharmacy including introduction to comprehensive pharmaceutical care services
- 4. Basic interpretations of common laboratory results used in clinical diagnosis towards optimizing the drug therapy

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explain about the basic concepts of hospital pharmacy administration
- 2. Manage the supply chain and distribution of medicines within the hospital settings
- 3. Assist the other healthcare providers in monitoring drug therapy and address drug related problems
- 4. Interpret common lab investigation reports for optimizing drug therapy

S. No.	Торіс	Hours
1	Hospital Pharmacy	
	 Definition, scope, national and international scenario 	6
	Organisational structure	
	Professional responsibilities, Qualification and experience requirements, ich appoifications, work land requirements.	
	requirements, job specifications, work load requirements and inter professional relationships	
	 Good Pharmacy Practice (GPP) in hospital 	
	 Hospital Pharmacy Standards (FIP Basel Statements, AHSP) 	
	 Introduction to NABH Accreditation and Role of Pharmacists 	

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2	Different Committees in the Hospital	4
	Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee - Objectives,	
	Composition and functions	
	Hospital Formulary - Definition, procedure for	
	development and use of hospital formulary	
	Infection Control Committee – Role of Pharmacist in	
	preventing Antimicrobial Resistance	
4	Supply Chain and Inventory Control	14
	 Preparation of Drug lists - High Risk drugs, Emergency drugs, Schedule H1 drugs, NDPS drugs, reserved antibiotics Procedures of Drug Purchases – Drug selection, short 	
	term, long term and tender/e-tender process, quotations, etc.	
	 Inventory control techniques: Economic Order Quantity, Reorder Quantity Level, Inventory Turnover etc. 	
	 Inventory Management of Central Drug Store – Storage conditions, Methods of storage, Distribution, Maintaining Cold Chain, Devices used for cold storage (Refrigerator, ILR, Walk-in-Cold rooms) FEFO, FIFO methods 	
	Expiry drug removal and their disposal methods e.g., Narcotics	
	Documentation - purchase and inventory	
5	Drug distribution	7
	 Drug distribution (in- patients and out - patients) – Definition, advantages and disadvantages of individual prescription order method, Floor Stock Method, Unit Dose Drug Distribution Method, Drug Basket Method. Distribution of drugs to ICCU/ICU/NICU/Emergency wards. 	
	 Automated drug dispensing systems and devices Distribution of Narcotic and Psychotropic substances and their storage 	
6	Compounding in Hospitals. Bulk compounding, IV admixture services and incompatibilities, Total parenteral nutrition	4
7	Radio Pharmaceuticals - Storage, dispensing and disposal of	2
	radiopharmaceuticals	

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8	Application of computers in Hospital Pharmacy Practice,		
	Electronic health records, Softwares used in hospital pharmacy		
9	Clinical Pharmacy: Definition, scope and development - in India and other countries	12	
	Technical definitions, common terminologies used in clinical settings and their significance such as Paediatrics, Geriatric, Anti-natal Care, Post-natal Care, etc.		
	Daily activities of clinical pharmacists: Definition, goal and		
	procedure of		
	Ward round participation		
	Treatment Chart Review		
	Adverse drug reaction monitoring		
	 Drug information and poisons information 		
	Medication history		
	Patient counselling		
	Interprofessional collaboration		
	Pharmaceutical care: Definition, classification of drug related problems. Principles and procedure to provide pharmaceutical care		
	Medication Therapy Management, Home Medication Review		
10	Clinical laboratory tests used in the evaluation of disease	10	
	states - significance and interpretation of test results		
	 Haematological, Liver function, Renal function, thyroid function tests 		
	Tests associated with cardiac disorders		
	Fluid and electrolyte balance		
	Pulmonary Function Tests		
11	Poisoning: Types of poisoning: Clinical manifestations and	6	
	Antidotes		
	Drugs and Poison Information Centre and their services –		
	Definition, Requirements, Information resources with examples,		
	and their advantages and disadvantages		

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12	Pharmacovigilance	2
	Definition, aim and scope	
	Overview of Pharmacovigilance	
13	Medication errors: Definition, types, consequences, and strategies to minimize medication errors, LASA drugs and Tallman lettering as per ISMP	
	Drug Interactions: Definition, types, clinical significance of drug interactions	

HOSPITAL AND CLINICAL PHARMACY - PRACTICAL

Course Code: ER20-25P 25 Hours (1 Hour / Week)

Scope: This course is designed to train the students to assist other healthcare providers in the basic services of hospital and clinical pharmacy.

Course Objectives: This course will train the students with hands-on experiences, simulated clinical case studies in the following

- 1. Methods to systematically approach and respond to drug information gueries
- 2. How to interpret the common laboratory reports to understand the need for optimizing the dosage regimen
- 3. How to report the suspected adverse drug reactions to the concerned authorities
- 4. Uses and methods of handling various medical/surgical aids and devices
- 5. How to interpret the drug-drug interactions in the treatment of common diseases.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Professionally handle and answer the drug information queries
- 2. Interpret the common laboratory reports
- 3. Report suspected adverse drug reactions using standard procedures
- 4. Understand the uses and methods of handling various medical/surgical aids and devices
- 5. Interpret and report the drug-drug interactions in common diseases for optimizing the drug therapy

Note: Few of the experiments of Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy practical course listed here require adequate numbers of desktop computers with internet

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connectivity, adequate drug information resources including reference books, different types of surgical dressings and other medical devices and accessories. Various charts, models, exhibits pertaining to the experiments shall also be displayed in the laboratory.

Practicals

- 1. Systematic approach to drug information queries using primary / secondary / tertiary resources of information (2 cases)
- 2. Interpretation of laboratory reports to optimize the drug therapy in a given clinical case (2 cases)
- 3. Filling up IPC's ADR Reporting Form and perform causality assessments using various scales (2 cases)
- 4. Demonstration / simulated / hands-on experience on the identification, types, use / application /administration of
 - Orthopaedic and Surgical Aids such as knee cap, LS belts, abdominal belt, walker, walking sticks, etc.
 - Different types of bandages such as sterile gauze, cotton, crepe bandages, etc.
 - Needles, syringes, catheters, IV set, urine bag, RYLE's tube, urine pots, colostomy bags, oxygen masks, etc.
- 5. Case studies on drug-drug interactions (any 2 cases)
- 6. Wound dressing (simulated cases and role play any 2 cases)
- 7. Vaccination and injection techniques (IV, IM, SC) using mannequins (5 activities)

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. Typical profile of a drug to be included in the hospital formulary
- 2. Brief layout and various services of the Central Sterile Supplies Department (CSSD)
- 3. Various types of sterilizers and sterilization techniques used in hospitals
- 4. Fumigation and pesticide control in hospitals
- 5. Genesis and development of Drug / Poison Information centres in India
- 6. Role of Pharmacists in Transition of Care: Discharge cards, post hospitalization care, medicine reconciliation activities in developed countries

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- 7. Total parenteral nutrition and IV admixtures and their compatibility issues
- 8. Concept of electronic health records
- 9. Invasive and Non-invasive diagnostic tests HRCT, MRI, Sonography, 2DECHO, X-rays, Mammography, ECG, EMG
- 10. Diagnostic Kits Pregnancy Test
- 11. Measures to be taken in hospitals, ICUs to minimize the Antimicrobial Resistance
- 12. Antimicrobial Stewardship Program

Field Visit

The students shall be taken in groups to visit a Govt / private healthcare facility to understand and witness the various hospital and clinical pharmacy services provided. Individual reports from each student on their learning experience from the filed visit shall be submitted.

PHARMACY LAW AND ETHICS - THEORY

Course Code: ER20-26T 75 Hours (3

Hours/week)

Scope: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on several important legislations related to the profession of pharmacy in India

Course Objectives: This course will discuss the following

- 1. General perspectives, history, evolution of pharmacy law in India
- 2. Act and Rules regulating the profession and practice of pharmacy in India
- 3. Important code of ethical guidelines pertaining to various practice standards
- 4. Brief introduction to the patent laws and their applications in pharmacy

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the history and evolution of pharmacy law in India
- 2. Interpret the act and rules regulating the profession and practice of pharmacy in India
- 3. Discuss the various codes of ethics related to practice standards in pharmacy
- 4. Interpret the fundamentals of patent laws from the perspectives of pharmacy

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Chapter	er Topics	
1	Conoral Principals of Law History and various Acts related	s
•	General Principals of Law, History and various Acts related to Drugs and Pharmacy profession	2
2	Pharmacy Act-1948 and Rules: Objectives, Definitions,	
_	Pharmacy Council of India; its constitution and functions,	5
	Education Regulations, State and Joint state pharmacy	
	councils, Registration of Pharmacists, Offences and	
	Penalties.	
	Blooms and Broading Boundations 2045	
3	Pharmacy Practice Regulations 2015	22
3	Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 and Rules 1945 and New Amendments	23
	Objectives, Definitions, Legal definitions of schedules to the	
	Act and Rules Import of drugs – Classes of drugs and	
	cosmetics prohibited from import, Import under license or	
	permit.	
	Manufacture of drugs – Prohibition of manufacture and	
	sale of certain drugs, Conditions for grant of license and	
	conditions of license for manufacture of drugs, Manufacture of drugs for test, examination and analysis, manufacture of	
new drug, loan license and repacking license.		
	new drug, loan license and repacking license.	
	Study of schedule C and C1, G, H, H1, K, P, M, N, X and Y.	
	Sale of Drugs – Wholesale, Retail sale and Restricted	
	license, Records to be kept in a pharmacy	
	Drugs Prohibited for manufacture and sale in India	
	Administration of the Act and Rules – Drugs Technical	
	Advisory Board, Central Drugs Laboratory, Drugs	
	Consultative Committee, Government analysts, licensing	
	authorities, controlling authorities, Drug Inspectors.	
4	Medicinal and Toilet Preparations Act 1955:	2
	Objectives, Definitions, Licensing, Offences and Penalties	

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5	Narcotic Drugs and psychotropic substances Act 1985 and Rules Objectives, Definitions, Authorities and Officers, Prohibition, Control and Regulation, Offences and Penalties.		
6	Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act 1954 Objectives, Definitions, Prohibition of certain advertisements, Classes of Exempted advertisements, Offences and Penalties.	2	
7	Prevention of cruelty to Animals Act-1960: Objectives, Definitions, CPCSEA - brief overview, Institutional Animal Ethics Committee, Breeding and Stocking of Animals, Performance of Experiments, Transfer and Acquisition of animals for experiment, Records, Power to suspend or revoke registration, Offences and Penalties.	2	
8	Poisons Act-1919 : Introduction, objective, definition, possession, possession for sales and sale of any poison, import of poisons	2	
9	FSSAI (Food Safety and Standards Authority of India) Act and Rules: brief overview and aspects related to manufacture, storage, sale and labelling of Food Supplements	2	
10	National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority: Drugs Price Control Order (DPCO) - 2013. Objectives, Definitions, Sale prices of bulk drugs, Retail price of formulations, Retail price and ceiling price of scheduled formulations, pharmaceutical policy 2002, National List of Essential Medicines (NLEM)	5	
11	Code of Pharmaceutical Ethics: Definition, ethical principles, ethical problem solving, registration, code of ethics for Pharmacist in relation to his job, trade, medical profession and his profession, Pharmacist's oath.	5	
12	Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act and Rules – basic understanding/salient features	2	
13	Role of all the government pharma regulator bodies – Central Drugs Standards Control Organization (CDSCO), Indian Pharmacopoeia Commission (IPC)	1	

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14	Good Regulatory practices (documentation, licenses,	3		
	renewals, e-governance) in Community Pharmacy, Hospital			
	pharmacy, Pharma Manufacturing, Wholesale business,			
	inspections, import, export of drugs and medical devices			
15	Introduction to BCS system of classification, Basic concepts	5		
	of Clinical Trials, ANDA, NDA, New Drug development,			
	Schedule Y. Brand v/s Generic, Trade name concept,			
	Introduction to Patent Law and Intellectual Property Rights,			
	Emergency Use Authorization			
16	Blood bank – basic requirements and functions	2		
17	Clinical Establishment Act and Rules – Aspects related to			
	Pharmacy			
18	Biomedical Waste Management Rules 2016 - Basic	2		
	aspects, and aspects related to pharma manufacture to			
	disposal of pharma / medical waste at homes, pharmacies,			
	and hospitals			
19	Bioethics - Basic concepts, history and principles. Brief	2		
	overview of ICMR's National Ethical Guidelines for			
	Biomedical and Health Research involving human			
	participants			
20	Introduction to the Consumer Protection Act	2		
21	Medical Devices – Categorization, basic aspects related to			
	manufacture and sale			

Assignments

The students shall be asked to submit written assignments on the following topics (One assignment per student per sessional period. i.e., a minimum of THREE assignments per student)

- 1. Requirements for Ayurvedic, Homeopathic manufacturing, sale and licensing requirements
- 2. Layout and contents of official websites of various agencies regulating the profession of pharmacy in India: e.g., CDSCO, SUGAM portal, PCI, etc.
- 3. Licenses required, application processes (online/offline), drug regulatory office website of the respective state
- 4. Case studies actions taken on violation of any act / rule related to pharmacy

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from the literature / media

- 5. Schedule H1 drugs and its implementation in India
- 6. Counterfeit / Spurious medicines
- 7. Drug Testing Labs in India
- 8. Generic Medicines
- 9. Before of after food/Medicines and Meals

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9. Appendices

No	Appendix Document	
1.	A typical format for the assessment of an Assignment	
2.	A typical format for the assessment of a Field Visit Report	
3.	List of instruments and equipments required for the conduct of DPharm	
	program as per ER-2020	

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Appendix – 1

A typical format for the assessment of an Assignment

Name of the College:

Name of the Student:	
Academic Year of the Student:	
Name of the Subject:	
Title of the Assignment:	
Date on which the Assignment was given:	
Date on which the Assignment was submitted:	
Name & Designation of the Evaluator:	
Signature of the Evaluator with Date:	

Directions: For **evaluations**, enter rating of the student utilizing the following scale:

5 - Excellent; 4 - Very Good; 3 - Good; 2 - Satisfactory; 1 - Poor

Assessment Criteria	Score	Comments if any
a. Relevance with the content		
b. Use of resource material		
c. Organization & mechanical accuracy		
d. Cohesion & coherence		
e. Language proficiency & Timely submission		
Total Score		

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Signature of the Student with Date:

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Appendix - 2

A typical format for the assessment of a Field Visit Report

Name of the College:

Name of the Student:	
Academic Year of the Student:	
Name of the Subject:	
Name & full address of the organization visited:	
Date and Duration of Visit:	
Name & Designation of the Evaluator:	
Signature of the Evaluator with Date:	
Objectives set for the field visit: (give 2	- 4 objectives one by one)
Prior preparation of the student for the	field visit: (minimum 100 words)
Describe the general experiences during	g the field visit: (minimum 100 words)

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Learning points: Describe what theoretical concept that is correlated during the field visit: (minimum 300 words)

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Appendix – 3

List of instruments and equipments required for the conduct of DPharm program as per ER-2020

As per ER 2020 regulation;

At least four laboratories specified below should be provided for:

- 1. Pharmaceutics Lab.
- 2. Pharm. Chemistry Lab.
- 3. Physiology, Pharmacology and Pharmacognosy Lab.
- 4. Biochemistry, Clinical Pathology, Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy Lab.

The institutions shall provide "Model Pharmacy" as per following details

Model Pharmacy	No.	Area
Essential:	01	80 Sq. Mts.
Running Model Community Pharmacy		(Including 10 Sq. mt. for Drug Information Centre & 10 Sq. mt. for Patient Counselling)
Desirable: Drug Model Store		3,

Note: Wherever animal experimentations are prescribed in the curriculum, the required knowledge and skill should be imparted by using computer assisted modules.

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डॉ० विपिन कुमार

प्रो० एस० के० राजपूत

प्रो० आर०सी०दुवे

श्री कपिल कुमार गोयल

<u>Department wise List of Minimum equipment's required for DPharm</u> (For a batch of 20 students)

1. Pharmacology and Pharmacognosy Lab.

Physiology,

S. No.	Name	Minimum required Nos. for DPharm 60 intake
1	Microscopes	20
2	Haemocytometer with Micropipettes	20
3	Sahli's haemoglobinometer	20
4	Sphygmomanometer	5
5	Stethoscope	10
6	Human Permanent Slides for various tissues	One pair of each tissue Organs and endocrine glands
7	Models for various organs	One model of each organ system
8	Specimen for various organs and systems	One model for each organ system
9	Human Skeleton and bones	One set of skeleton and one spare bone
10	Different Contraceptive Devices and Models	One set of each device
11	Digital Balance (10 mg Sensitivity)	1
12	Computer with LCD	1
13	Licensed Software packages for Physiological & Pharmacological experiment	1
14	IR Therma meter	2
15	Refrigerator	1
16	First aid equipment	Adequate number
17	Stop watch	20
18	Inhalers and Nebulizer	1
19	Pharmacotherapeutic charts for various diseases & disorders	Adequate number
20	Surgical devices and Sutures	Adequate number
21	Digital BP Instrument	5
22	Mercury Thermometer	10
23	Digital Thermometer	10
24	Pulse Oximeter	5
25	ESR Apparatus (Western green and Wintrobe)	10

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26	Peak Flow meter	10
27	Stadiometer	2
28	Adult Weighing Scale (150 kg)	5
29	Digital Glucometer	10
30	Projection microscope	1

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31	Permanent slide set of plants and charts for pharmacognosy Lab	Adequate number
32	Drug information resources	Adequate number
33	Various types of PPE Kits,	Adequate number
34	Charts /displays/ AVs on tobacco control, glycemic index of foods, nutrition, reproductive health	Adequate number
35	Menstrual hygiene products	Adequate number
36	Display for various disinfectants, mosquito repellents etc	Adequate number
37	Water Testing Kit	Adequate number
38	Permanent slide of different microbes	Adequate number

NOTE: Adequate number of glassware commonly used in the laboratory should be provided in each laboratory and department

2. Pharmaceutical Chemistry/ Biochemistry, Clinical Pathology

S. No.	Name	Minimum required Nos. for DPharm 60 intake
1	Hot plates	5
2	Hot Air Oven	1
3	Refrigerator	1
4	Analytical Balances for demonstration	1
5	Digital balance 10mg sensitivity	5
6	Magnetic Stirrers with Thermostat	10
7	Vacuum Pump	1
8	Digital pH meter	1
9	Wall Mounted Water Distillation Unit	2
10	Nessler's Cylinders	40
11	Digital Melting Point Apparatus	2
12	Thieles Tube	20
13	Digital Colorimeter	2
14	Thermostatic Water Bath	1

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3. Pharmaceutics

S. No.	Name	Minimum required Nos. for DPharm 60 intake
1	Digital balance (10mg)	5

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2	Microscopes	10
3	Autoclave	1
4	Vacuum Pump	1
5	Standard sieves, sieve no. 8, 10, 12,22,24,	10 sets

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	44, 54, 60, 80, 100, 120	
6	Tablet disintegration test apparatus IP (Digital single/double Unit)	1
7	Tablet dissolution test apparatus IP (Digital single/double Unit)	1
8	Magnetic stirrer, 500ml and 1 litter capacity with speed control	5
9	Digital pH meter	1
10	Capsule Counter	2
11	Hot Plate	2
12	Distillation Unit	1
13	Tablet counter – small size	2
14	Hot air oven	1
15	Electric water bath unit	2
16	Stalagmometer	5
17	Desiccator	5
18	Buchner Funnels (Medium)	10
19	Filtration assembly with Vacuum Pump	1
20	Andreasen's Pipette	5
21	Ointment slab	20
22	Ointment spatula	20
23	Pestle and mortar porcelain	20
24	Refrigerator	1
25	Micrometre slide Eyepiece	5
26	Micrometre slide Stage	5
27	Viscometer Ostwald/Brookfield	1
28	Stop watch	1
29	Sintered glass filter with vacuum	4
30	Digital balance (10mg)	5

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Machine Room

S. No.	Name	Minimum required Nos. for DPharm 60 intake
1	Capsule filling machine	1
2	Automated Single Station Tablet punching machine	1
3	Tablet disintegration test apparatus IP (Digital Single/Double unit)	1
4	Monsanto's hardness tester	2

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5	Pfizer type hardness tester	2
6	Friability test apparatus (Digital Single/Double unit)	1
7	Sieve shaker with sieve set	1
8	Ointment filling machine	1

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9	All-purpose equipment with all accessories	1
10	Bottle washing Machine	1
11	Bottle Sealing Machine	1
12	Liquid Filling Machine	1
13	Ampoule washing machine	1
14	Ampoule filling and sealing machine (Jet Burner)	1
15	Clarity test apparatus	1
16	Collapsible tube – Filling and Sealing	1
17	Liquid Mixer	1
18	Capsule filling machine	1
19	Automated Single Station Tablet punching machine	1
20	Tablet disintegration test apparatus IP (Digital Single/Double unit)	1
21	Monsanto's hardness tester	2
22	Pfizer type hardness tester	2

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4. Hospital and Clinical Pharmacy Lab

S. No.	Name	Minimum required Nos for DPharm 60 intake
1	Orthopaedical & Surgical Aids such as knee cap, LS belts, abdominal belt, walker, walking sticks, etc	Adequate Number
2	Different Types of bandages such as sterile gauze, cotton, crepe bandages, etc	Adequate Number
3	Mannequins for CPR-1 (with indication Signals)	2
4	Mannequins for injection IV Arm	2
5	Variety Needles	20
6	Variety Syringes	20
7	Variety catheters	5
8	IV set	20
9	Urine Bag	2
10	RYLE's tube	2
11	Urine pots	2
12	Colostomy bags	2
13	Oxygen masks	10
14	Inventory Software for Retail Pharmacy	1

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5. Model Pharmacy

S. No.	Name	Minimum required Nos. for DPharm 60 intake
1	Empty cartons of variety medicines, drug info books, PC, designated patient counselling area, PILs, various name plates indicating different parts of Pharmacy, Proper arrangement of medicines, box/area for expiry medicines, inspection book, bill book (dummy), patient waiting area, health info display, various screening devices, height chart, pharmacist reg, license and other license display.	1
2	Computers model hospital pharmacy management software's	1

From Pharmacology, some of the equipment may be placed into these 3 below mentioned subjects but it will be difficult to inbuilt into SIF so I have placed into one lab of Physiology, Pharmacology and Pharmacognosy Lab. So please make it as per all suggestions.

- 6. Social Pharmacy
- 7. Community Pharmacy
- 8. Pharmacotherapeutics

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